# ZCP 7.1 (build 43630) Zarafa Collaboration Platform

**The User Manual** 



# ZCP 7.1 (build 43630) Zarafa Collaboration Platform The User Manual Utgåva 2.0

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The Zarafa Collaboration Platform (ZCP) combines the usability of Outlook with the stability and flexibility of a Linux server. It features a rich web-interface, the Zarafa WebAccess, and provides brilliant integration options with all sorts of clients including all most popular mobile platforms.

Most components of ZCP are open source, licensed under the  $AGPLv3^1$ , can therefore be downloaded freely as ZCP's Community Edition<sup>2</sup>.

Several closed source components exist, most notably:

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- the Zarafa Windows Client providing Outlook integration,
- the Zarafa BES Integration providing Blackberry Enterprise Server connectivity,
- the Zarafa ADS Plugin providing Active Directory integration, and
- the Zarafa Backup Tools.

These components, together with several advanced features for large setups and hosters, are only available in combination with a support contract as part of *ZCP*'s *Commercial Editions*<sup>3</sup>.

Alternatively there is a wide selection of hosted ZCP offerings available.

This document, the User Manual, describes how to use ZCP from a user's view point. It discusses:

- Outlook integration by using the Zarafa Windows Client,
- using the web-interface of the Zarafa WebAccess,
- · connectivity with CalDAV and iCal enabled clients, and
- syncing with mobile platforms like: BlackBerry, Google Android, Windows Mobile and Apple iPhone.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> http://www.zarafa.com/content/editions

<b>1. Introd</b> 1.1.	uction Scope of this document	<b>1</b> . 1
2. Usina	the Zarafa WebAccess	3
-	Basics	3
2.2.	Managing folders	. 4
	2.2.1. Printing	
	2.2.2. Resizing panes	
	2.2.3. Empty deleted items folder	
	2.2.4. Restore items	. 5
	2.2.5. Marking all messages in a folder as read	5
	2.2.6. Properties	5
2.3.	Access to folders and calendars for other users	6
	2.3.1. Add a person	6
	2.3.2. Change permissions	6
	2.3.3. Remove a person	. 7
	2.3.4. Open shared folders	7
2.4.	Email	
	2.4.1. Compose and send a new email	
	2.4.2. Inline images	
	2.4.3. Copy, move and delete email	
	2.4.4. Searching	
	2.4.5. Downloading Attachments	
	2.4.6. Attach items to mail	
2.5.	Calendar usage	
	2.5.1. Create new appointment with invitations and free/busy status	
	2.5.2. Accept a meeting invitation	
2.6.	Multiple calendar views	
0.7	2.6.1. Move/delete appointment	
2.7.	Multi User Calendar	
	2.7.1. Adding a user to the time line	
	2.7.2. Deleting a user from the time line	
	<ul><li>2.7.3. Loading a group of users to the time line</li><li>2.7.4. Load group dialog</li></ul>	
	2.7.4. Load group dialog	
	2.7.5. NO Access message	
	2.7.7. Create or delete an appointment	
	2.7.8. Moving appointments	
	2.7.9. Changing zoom level	
	2.7.10. Changing number of displayed days	
	2.7.11. Browse time period	
28	Tasks	
2.0.	2.8.1. Recurrence in Tasks	
	2.8.2. Task Requests	
2.9.	Contacts	
	2.9.1. Create new contact	
	2.9.2. Detailed Contacts	
2.10	). Distribution Lists	34
	2.10.1. Creating new distribution lists	
2.11	Public Folder Favourites	
2.12	2. Rules	36
2.13	3. Settings	39
	2.13.1. The "Preferences" tab	39
	2.13.2. The "Compose mail" tab	40

		2.13.3. The "Out of Office" tab	
		2.13.4. The "Calendar" tab	41
		2.13.5. The "Addressbook" tab	
		2.13.6. The "Shortcuts" tab	42
	2.14	. Firefox Extensions	
		2.14.1. Zarafa Attachment Drag 'n' Drop Extension	
		2.14.2. Zarafa New Mail Notification Extension	
	2.15	. Advanced Zarafa WebAccess configurations	
		2.15.1. Zarafa WebAccess as default mail client	
		2.15.2. Windows	
		2.15.3. Linux	
		2.15.4. Adding Zarafa WebAccess as <i>mailto</i> handler in Firefox	
	2.16	. Quirks	
		2.16.1. Firefox specific	48
3. S	epara	te WebApp manual	49
4. C	onfig	ure Outlook (using the Zarafa Windows Client)	51
	4.1.	Installation of the Outlook client	51
		4.1.1. Install the client	51
		4.1.2. Start Outlook	52
	4.2.	Outlook connection type	53
		4.2.1. Online	53
		4.2.2. Detect at startup	53
		4.2.3. Cached Zarafa Mode	53
		4.2.4. What is the best connection type to choose?	54
	4.3.	Advanced configuration	54
		4.3.1. Proxy settings	54
		4.3.2. Other connection settings	
	4.4.	Public Folder Favourites	55
5. U	Jsing	Outlook	57
	5.1.	Working offline	57
			•••
		5.1.1. Sending email during offline use	
		5.1.1. Sending email during offline use         5.1.2. Limitations of working offline	57
	5.2.	• •	57 58
	5.2.	5.1.2. Limitations of working offline	57 58 58
	5.2.	5.1.2. Limitations of working offline Folder Management	57 58 58 58
	5.2.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li> <li>Folder Management</li> <li>5.2.1. The creation of a public folder</li> <li>5.2.2. Sharing of folders (setting permissions)</li></ul>	57 58 58 58 59 60
		<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li> <li>Folder Management</li> <li>5.2.1. The creation of a public folder</li></ul>	57 58 58 59 60 61
	5.3.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li> <li>Folder Management</li></ul>	57 58 58 59 60 61 63
	5.3. 5.4.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	57 58 58 59 60 61 63 63
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	57 58 58 59 60 61 63 63 63
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li> <li>Folder Management</li></ul>	57 58 58 59 60 61 63 63 63 64
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	57 58 58 59 60 61 63 63 63 63 63 63
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7. 5.8.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	57 58 58 59 60 61 63 63 63 63 64 65
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7. 5.8. 5.9.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	$57 \\ 58 \\ 58 \\ 59 \\ 60 \\ 61 \\ 63 \\ 63 \\ 63 \\ 64 \\ 65 \\ 65 \\ 66 \\$
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7. 5.8. 5.9.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	$57 \\ 58 \\ 58 \\ 59 \\ 60 \\ 61 \\ 63 \\ 63 \\ 63 \\ 64 \\ 65 \\ 66 \\ 66 \\ 66 \\ 66 \\ 66 \\ 66$
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7. 5.8. 5.9.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	$57 \\ 58 \\ 58 \\ 59 \\ 60 \\ 61 \\ 63 \\ 63 \\ 63 \\ 64 \\ 65 \\ 66 \\ 66 \\ 67 \\ 87 \\ 80 \\ 80 \\ 80 \\ 80 \\ 80 \\ 80 \\ 8$
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7. 5.8. 5.9.	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	$\begin{array}{c} 57\\ 58\\ 58\\ 59\\ 60\\ 61\\ 63\\ 63\\ 63\\ 63\\ 64\\ 65\\ 66\\ 66\\ 66\\ 67\\ 68\end{array}$
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7. 5.8. 5.9. 5.10	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	$\begin{array}{c} 57\\ 58\\ 58\\ 59\\ 60\\ 61\\ 63\\ 63\\ 63\\ 63\\ 64\\ 65\\ 66\\ 66\\ 66\\ 66\\ 67\\ 68\\ 68\end{array}$
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7. 5.8. 5.9. 5.10	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	$\begin{array}{c} 57\\ 58\\ 58\\ 59\\ 60\\ 61\\ 63\\ 63\\ 63\\ 64\\ 65\\ 66\\ 66\\ 66\\ 66\\ 67\\ 68\\ 68\\ 68\\ 68\\ 68\end{array}$
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7. 5.8. 5.9. 5.10	5.1.2. Limitations of working offline         Folder Management         5.2.1. The creation of a public folder         5.2.2. Sharing of folders (setting permissions)         5.2.3. Adding or opening folders shared by other users         5.2.4. Adding or removing complete stores of other Zarafa users         Searching in Outlook         Restoring deleted items         Free/Busy updates         Resources         Out of Office Assistant         Rules         Signatures         .5.10.1. Retrieving a certificate         .5.10.2. Check encrypted email settings         .5.10.3. Using the certificate         .5.10.3. Using the certificate         .5.10.3. Using the certificate         .5.10.3. Using the certificate	$\begin{array}{c} 57\\ 58\\ 58\\ 59\\ 60\\ 61\\ 63\\ 63\\ 63\\ 64\\ 65\\ 66\\ 66\\ 66\\ 66\\ 67\\ 68\\ 68\\ 68\\ 69\\ \end{array}$
	5.3. 5.4. 5.5. 5.6. 5.7. 5.8. 5.9. 5.10	<ul> <li>5.1.2. Limitations of working offline</li></ul>	$\begin{array}{c} 57\\ 58\\ 58\\ 59\\ 60\\ 61\\ 63\\ 63\\ 63\\ 63\\ 64\\ 65\\ 66\\ 66\\ 66\\ 66\\ 68\\ 68\\ 69\\ 69\\ 69\\ 69\end{array}$

5.13. Categorisation	71
5.13.1. Create a custom category in Outlook 2007	
5.13.2. Create a custom category in Outlook 2002/2003	
5.13.3. Categorise items and sort by category	73
5.14. Mail expiration date	
6. Configure Mail Clients (with IMAP and POP3)	75
6.1. Client configuration	75
6.1.1. Mozilla Thunderbird	75
6.1.2. Windows Mail	
7. Configure Calendar Clients (using CalDAV and iCal)	77
<ul> <li>7. Configure Calendar Clients (using CalDAV and iCal)</li> <li>7.1. Mac OS X iCal Client</li> <li>7.2. Sunbird Client Guide</li> </ul>	78
7.1. Mac OS X iCal Client	78 80
<ul> <li>7.1. Mac OS X iCal Client</li> <li>7.2. Sunbird Client Guide</li> <li>7.3. Evolution Client Configuration</li></ul>	78 80 81 <b>83</b>
<ul> <li>7.1. Mac OS X iCal Client</li> <li>7.2. Sunbird Client Guide</li> <li>7.3. Evolution Client Configuration</li></ul>	78 80 81 <b>83</b>
<ul> <li>7.1. Mac OS X iCal Client</li></ul>	78 80 81 <b>83</b> 83
<ul> <li>7.1. Mac OS X iCal Client</li></ul>	78 80 81 <b>83</b> 83 83
<ul> <li>7.1. Mac OS X iCal Client</li></ul>	78 80 81 <b>83</b> 83 83 83

# Introduction

The Zarafa Collaboration Platform (ZCP) combines the usability of Microsoft Outlook and Exchange with the stability and flexibility of a Linux server. It features a rich web-interface, the Zarafa WebAccess, and provides brilliant integration options with all sorts of clients including all most popular mobile platforms. Most components of ZCP are open source, licensed under the AGPLv3, can therefore be downloaded freely with ZCP's Community Edition.

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This document, the User Manual, describes how to use ZCP from a user's view point.

# **1.1. Scope of this document**

This manual is intended for users of the Zarafa Collaboration platform. Users interact with this platform by several means:

- · Microsoft Outlook and the Zarafa Windows Client,
- · the Zarafa WebAccess, our open source web-based groupware solution, and
- various mobile platforms like: BlackBerry, Google Android, Windows Mobile and Apple iPhone.

# **Using the Zarafa WebAccess**

In this section we describe how to use the Zarafa WebAccess, the web-based interface of the Zarafa Collaboration Platform (ZCP).

In order to use the Zarafa WebAccess a fairly recent version of Mozilla Firefox (preferred) or Microsoft Internet Explorer is needed.

Currently the Zarafa WebAccess supports the most used features of Microsoft Outlook in a fairly comprehensive way. Yet a web-based interface can never match the functionality and usability of a native client (like Microsoft Outlook).

# 2.1. Basics

To login to the Zarafa WebAccess, point the browser to the URL supplied by the systems administrator. By default this URL will look like:

#### http://YOUR\_DOMAIN\_NAME/webaccess/

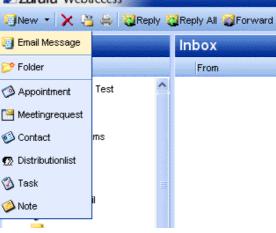
The WebAccess is available in several languages which can be selected from the dialog shown on *Figur 2.1, "The Zarafa login screen"*.

Co.	Outlook sharing & Webaccess
	:: WebAccess ::
Please logon. Name: Password:	
Language:	Last used language

#### Figur 2.1. The Zarafa login screen

After logging in, all Outlook folders and the Public folders the account has access to can be accessed. The most basic functions are available from the WebAccess' toolbar found across the top of the page. See *Figur 2.2, "The "New" Menu"*.







# 2.2. Managing folders

Creating, moving, renaming, copying or deleting (sub) folders is accomplished with the right mouse button in the folder list. This pops-up a context menu as shown in *Figur 2.3, "The context menu of a folder"*.

Folder lis	t	Inbox
All folders		From
<ul> <li>Draf</li> <li>fold</li> <li>inbc</li> <li>Jou</li> <li>Jou</li> <li>Jou</li> <li>Jou</li> <li>Out</li> <li>RSS</li> <li>Ser</li> </ul>	ndar acts ted Items ts Open Copy/Move Folder Copy/Move Folder Copy/Move Folder New Folder Mark All Messages F Delete Folder	
Open -	Properties	

#### Figur 2.3. The context menu of a folder

It is not possible to delete, move, or rename default Outlook folders (like *Inbox*, *Calendar* and *Contacts*).

### 2.2.1. Printing

It is possible to print email, appointments, and contacts from the WebAccess. Simply use the *Print* button from the toolbar.

Following these steps it is also possible to print calendar overviews of a day, a week or a month.

#### 2.2.2. Resizing panes

Just like in Outlook it is possible to resize the panes in the WebAccess, allowing full control of the width and height of the workspace in each pane. To do so place the mouse between two panes en drag the pane border to the prefered location.

### 2.2.3. Empty deleted items folder

The *Deleted Items* folder can be emptied by using the right mouse button, and selecting option *Empty folder* from the contect menu. This option is only available from the context menu (accessed with the right mouse button) of the *Deleted Items* folder and the *Junk Email* folder (if it exists).

#### 2.2.4. Restore items

When deleting an item in the *Deleted Items* folder or the *Junk Email* folder, the item is still temporarily recoverable. Select the *Deleted Items* folder or *Junk Email* folder, and use the button *Restore Item* in the bar at the top. As shown in *Figur 2.4, "The soft delete restore window"* it is possible to restore all or a selection of the deleted messages or folders. The restored items will be moved to the old location. Deleting items from *Figur 2.4, "The soft delete restore window"* removes them permanently — in that case only backups can recover an item. When restoring a folder, only that folder will be restored. If the restored folder contained subfolders, these can be restored by selecting the just restored folder and clicking on the *Restore Item* button again.

📲 Restore 📲 Restore All 🔀 Permanent Delete 🗙 Delete All 🔗 Close			
From	Subject	Deleted on	Size
9	junk1	11-09-2008	2kb
4	junk2	11-09-2008	2kb
3	good mail	11-09-2008	2kb

Figur 2.4. The soft delete restore window

#### 2.2.5. Marking all messages in a folder as read

Marking all messages in a folder as "read" is accomplished by the right mouse button menu option *Mark All Messages Read*. Please note that when this option is selected, no read receipts will be sent when requested by a sender, even if that option is selected in the settings.

#### 2.2.6. Properties

The right mouse button menu option *Properties* shows additional information about a folder (like the storage size and the number of items in this folder). For more details about the storage size, use the button *Folder size*.... Here a list containing all subfolders in the folder including their individual storage sizes can be seen.

# 2.3. Access to folders and calendars for other users

Just like in Outlook, the WebAccess allows sharing permissions to be set on folders. To do so use the right mouse button to click on a folder and choose the *Properties* option, then select the *Permissions* tab as shown in *Figur 2.5, "Folder Permissions"*.

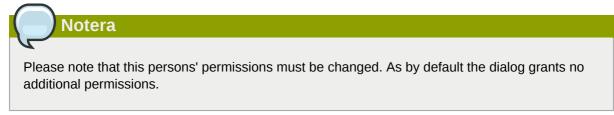
Zarafa Webaccess	
🖲 New 👻 🔀 😫 🔯 Reply I	🖥 🕑 📩 — Properties - Mozilla Firefox
Folder list	Properties
All folders	
All folders If Collection is a constraint of the second secon	General Permissions   Everyone   Minimization   Add   Remove   Soft - Linux   - Linux
	University

#### Figur 2.5. Folder Permissions

#### 2.3.1. Add a person

Click on the Add button under the Permissions tab.

When the *Address Book* pops up, select the person to give permissions to and click *Ok*. This contact will then be added to the permissions list.



Click Ok to save and close the permissions window.

#### 2.3.2. Change permissions

Click on the person whose permission needs to be changed.

Now the permissions can be manually set in the bottom part of the permissions window, or one of the preset profiles can be selected from the *Profile* drop-down menu.

Click Ok to save and close the permissions window.

#### 2.3.3. Remove a person

- · Click on the person who needs to be removed from the list.
- Click on the Remove button.
- Click Ok to save and close the permissions window.

#### 2.3.4. Open shared folders

To open shared folders from the Zarafa WebAccess click the *Open shared folder* link at the bottom of the folder list. A window as shown in *Figur 2.6, "Open Shared Folder"* will be presented.

Figur 2.6. Open Shared Folder

From the dialog shown in *Figur 2.6, "Open Shared Folder"* it is possible to either open a single folder (for example the calendar folder), or open a complete folder list of a specific user.

The opened folders are stored in the users' WebAccess profile, so the next time the user tries to login to the WebAccess the opened folders are readily available.

To close an opened folder, use the *Close store* option in the right mouse button menu.

# 2.4. Email

#### 2.4.1. Compose and send a new email

1. Select the button New in the left corner. This will show a dialog like Figur 2.7, "Create Mail".

Create E-Mail		
🖂 Sconal 📳 🥔 🙇 💁 🕴 😃 Options		
Tu pel@calacum		
U k. car@cata a.cun		
Subject: exceeding appointment		
Acadhmenta		
B / Ⅱ ▲   ×, ×)  日 日 ほ 孝]  タ (>   图 タ) ■ ■ ■ ■   日 Ω		
lorrat Numa • crt •		
Dear F =:		
Torey's appointment the ceen cance at by Kees		
Pegare-		
Kaan		

#### Figur 2.7. Create Mail

- 2. Attachments can be added to the email by selecting the Attachment button or the Paperclip icon.
- 3. Email can be saved by selecting the *Floppy disk* icon. After a email is saved, it is stored in the *Drafts* folder.
- 4. To set a flag that marks the email as important or high priority, click on the *exclamation mark* (!) icon.
- 5. To add a recipient, either add their email address in the *TO*, *CC*, or *BCC* field manually, or select a person from the Address Book. To access the Address Book, click on the *TO*, *CC* or *BCC* button.

(	Notera
	When more than one recipient is added, email addresses need to be seperated by a semicolon (;).

6. The internal users are shown by default (unless otherwise selected in Settings) in the Address Book (see: *Figur 2.8, "Address Book"*). By using the *Show names from the:* drop-down menu, it is possible to view contacts from either a personal contacts folders, or a Public contact folder. Alternatively, it is possible to search a folder using the search field positioned in the top left of the window.

ype Name:		Show names from the:
	<i>a</i> na	Global Address Book
🖹 File as	Display Name	Global Address Book Contacts
🔊 Alejandro	Alejandro Test	Alejandro@unit1.ztest.nl
🙆 Alex	Alex Test	Alex@unit1.ztest.nl
🔌 Alexander	Alexander Test	Alexander@unit1.ztest.nl
🚳 Angel	Angel Test	Angel@unit1.ztest.nl
诊 Blake	Blake Test	Blake@unit1.ztest.nl
🚳 Caleb	Caleb Test	Caleb@unit1.ztest.nl
诊 Carlos	Carlos Test	Carlos@unit1.ztest.nl
To CC BCC	-··· - ·	
	Ok Ca	ncel

Since 6.30.0 it is possible to add company-wide defined address lists in the Address Book. Read the **ZCP Administrator Manual** for more details regarding address lists.

#### 2.4.1.1. Automatic email address suggestion

When typing an email address or contact information in the *TO*, *CC* or *BCC* fields the WebAccess automatically suggests names (a feature often known as *auto complete*). The suggestions are listed below the input field (see: *Figur 2.9, "Automatic Suggestions"*) and a suggestion can be selected by both mouse or keyboard. The suggestions are based on email addresses and contact information that have been used recently.

It is possible to delete an address from this list by moving the selection to the address in question (by either using the keyboard arrows or by placing the mouse over it without clicking) and then pressing the *Delete* key. The address is removed, but when it is used again it will show up in the list once more.

Fale Enviai		
Sond 💾 🔗	🗟 🌄 🥊 🦊 🔯 Dations	
Ta.	john	
rr	onndee@connectux.com <ohndoe@connectux.com></ohndoe@connectux.com>	
DCC	onnwho@zarafa.comkonnwho@zarafa.comk John Zarafakjohni zarafa@zarafa.comk	
Outland		
Subject		

Figur 2.9. Automatic Suggestions

Notera

#### 2.4.1.2. Attachments

You can attach files to your message by clicking the *Attachments* button in the *Create E-Mail* screen. A window will open, which allows files to be uploaded.

From ZCP 6.50 up it is possible to upload multiple attachments at once. Prior versions of ZCP only allow the upload of one file at a time.



#### 2.4.1.3. Set the sender address (from field)

It is possible to set the *FROM* address of emails before they are sent. This field can be found above the *TO* field, as shown in *Figur 2.10, "Selecting a from address"*. When no address has been selected the default address is used.

Create E-Ma	il and the second s
🍱 kent  🗎 🖋	🍇 🎭   🕴 🌲 🖄 Opticas
From.	
-a LL	Jane Doe tjanecoot®zarota.com/ John Doe tjanecoot®zarota.com/
200	

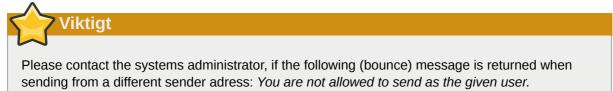
#### Figur 2.10. Selecting a from address

#### Notera

Please note that the *FROM* field is only displayed when *FROM* addresses have been set in the settings dialog.

- From Email Addresses —	
Set FROM er tal addresses	Jane Doe «janedoe@zarefe.com»  Inter Fue «jutadoe@connecto» - um»

#### Figur 2.11. Adding From Addresses



Since ZCP version 6.20.0 two kinds of delegation are available:

- 1. Send on Behalf permissions: if a user grants the appropriate permission to another user, the latter can send items *on behalf of* the other user. In this case an email or meeting request will be sent
- 10 with the following *From* field: "<delegate> on behalf of <user>".

2. Send As permissions: if the system administrator gives the rights to user B to 'send as' user A, the receiver of an email will not see that user B sent an email. The receiver will only see user A in the *From:* field.

Before ZCP version 6.20.0, user themselves where allowed to "send on behalf of" by entering the other users inbox. By this method it was always explicitly visible who sent the email. For example: Pete enters the inbox of 'info' and sends an email as the non-active user 'info', would result in:

pete@example.com on behalf of info@example.com.

Since ZCP version 6.20.0 it is possible to send emails as other users without the "on behalf of" part. Due to security reasons the new "send as" permission is only configurable server-side by the administrator. This setting can always be overruled by the user itself and the old "on behalf of" permission can still be set by the user.

Keep in mind that delegation always overrules impersonation. A user can always choose not to let another user impersonate as himself.

#### 2.4.1.4. Saving an email to drafts

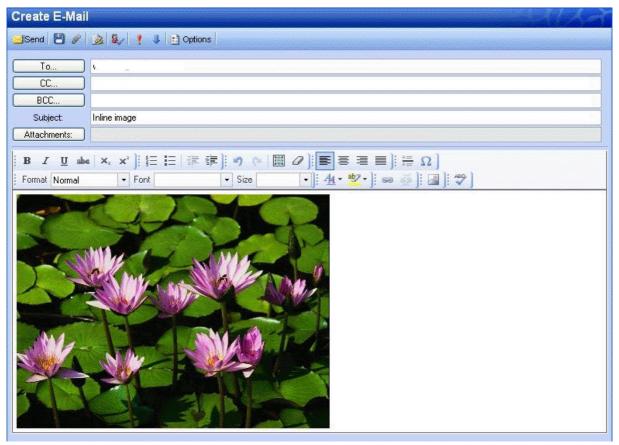
Saving an email is possible by clicking the *Save* (a floppy disk) icon. After saving the email, it is stored in the *Drafts* folder. Another option is to automatically save an unsent email. This option is available under the *Compose Mail* tab in the settings window. To do this, check the option *Autosave unsent every: X minutes* and set the number of minutes that mails will automatically be saved. This is only applicable when the email isn't sent yet.

#### 2.4.2. Inline images

From ZCP version 6.30.0 the WebAccess has the ability to add inline images in mail messages. To add an inline image, click on *Attachments* and select an image. If the 'HTML' format is being used (see *Compose mail in this format in Settings, Compose mail* tab), the inline image functionality is enabled. A light blue cross icon will appear beside the attachment as seen in *Figur 2.12, "Light blue cross icon to insert the image as a inline image"*. Click on the blue cross icon to insert the image in the mail body as shown in *Figur 2.13, "Example of an Inline Image"*. The inline image will inserted at the last cursor position.

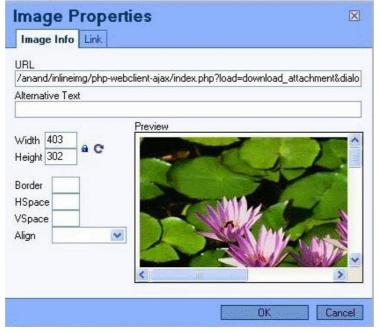
Create E-Mail
Send 💾 🖉 🧕 🍇 🕴 🗈 Options
To         ************************************
Subject:         Inline image           Attachments:         Water Iilies.jpg (82kb); +
B       I       Image: Size (Image: Size (Ima

Figur 2.12. Light blue cross icon to insert the image as a inline image



Figur 2.13. Example of an Inline Image

To change the image size, right click on the image and select *Image properties*. A popup like *Figur 2.14, "Image properties editor"* will appear which enables the user to customize width and height of the image and options such as border and alignment.



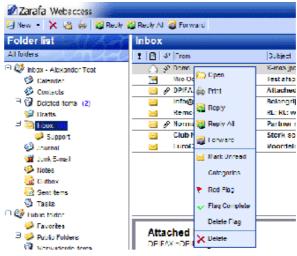


It is possible to delete the inline image directly from the main body, as if it were text.

In some browsers it is possible to paste an image from your clipboard directly into the editor. This will embed the image into the source of the body and it means that it will not become an attachment. The image will be shown properly in Firefox and Internet Explorer 9, with limited support in Internet Explorer 8. In Outlook the image will not be visible properly.

## 2.4.3. Copy, move and delete email

The following screenshot (*Figur 2.15, "Context menu from a mail message"*) shows the context menu that shows up when clicking with the right mouse button on an email. Through this menu most copy, move and delete operations are performed. It also is possible to download a message as a file.



Figur 2.15. Context menu from a mail message

#### 2.4.3.1. Delete email

There are several ways to delete email. They are:

- · Via the delete button on the keyboard
- Via the delete button in the right mouse button menu (as shown in *Figur 2.15, "Context menu from a mail message"*)
- · Via the red cross button in the top bar of the webaccess

#### 2.4.3.2. Move email

To move a single items it is most convenient to simply drag the item to its new location. Place the mouse cursor over the item to be moved, click and hold the left mouse button. Continue to hold the button down while moving the mouse cursor until it is over the folder the message needs to be placed.

🗐 New 👻 🔀 🎽 🍇 Ré	eply 🤯 Reply	All 🥁 Forward	
Folder list	Inbo	x	
All folders	<b>*   !</b>   🖻	] 🖉   From	Subject
9 😂 Inbox 🗔	£	Speurders.nl	Winnen bij speurders.nl
🥬 Calendar	6		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
🗄 🧼 Contacts 🛛 🖂	Speurders	Minnen bij s	peurders hi
🔞 Deleted Items 📆		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
💯 Drafts	6	2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
🕀 📴 Inbox	6		T 1 1 0 minute des 7 hete end 0 65e vela.
🥩 Journal	6	)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Wink E-mail (68)	6		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
🧼 Notes	6	) ··· ····	
😡 Outbox			
둸 Sent Items	6	New York Contraction	
🚳 Tasks			

Figur 2.16. Moving Email

Notice that the folder names under the mouse cursor are highlighted while moving. This highlighting marks the folder where the message will be placed when releasing the button.

To move multiple items, first select all the items (only items that are currently visible can be moved). To select a range of items click on the first item and then press and hold the shift button on the keyboard. Before releasing the shift button, use the mouse to click on the last item in the range that needs to be moved. All items between the two items clicked on will become highlighted.

With items that are not consecutive, hold down the control (Ctrl) button on the keyboard while clicking on each item. To drag and drop these items, release the control button, place the mouse cursor on one of the selected messages, drag them into the designated folder.

Items can also be moved by clicking on the copy/move button as displayed in *Figur 2.17*, "*Copy/Move Button*".

It is also possible to drag and drop messages to the desktop. For more information about this feature, see *Avsnitt 2.14.1, "Zarafa Attachment Drag 'n' Drop Extension"*.

#### 2.4.3.3. Copy email

To copy an item, the drag-and-drop feature can not be used as it does not duplicate items. Instead use the copy/move button as shown in *Figur 2.17, "Copy/Move Button"*. See the section above about moving multiple items for an explanation concerning how to select multiple items.





#### 2.4.3.4. Save Email as a File

From ZCP 6.50 up, it is possible to download messages directly from the Zarafa WebAccess to the computer. The *Save Email as a File* button located in the message context menu, as seen in *Figur 2.18, "Save Email as a File button"*, should be used to do so.



### 2.4.3.5. Change email view

Folder list	Inbox	
Allighers	: 🖓 🖗 From   4] Sort According	jed.
🖓 labos - Alexander Test	Ci Deno fi	sa jungs
🗇 Calendar	MIO Ooste X Sort Descending	t a tspraak
🌮 Contacts	🖂 💉 DPIFAX Ma Delete this column	sched image
* 🗿 Ecklod llones (2)	infa@eu	angrijk baricht v
🗐 Drafts	🖂 Remoo II 🗮 Lield Chooser	RL: webmail
= in labor	🖂 🤞 Norman mailing 🛛 Pa	rtner nieuwsbrie

Figur 2.19. Context menu form a mail view column

In the Zarafa WebAccess, the email view has a default layout: a list of messages with a *From* and a *Received* colomn. However, like in Outlook, it is possible to change the view by adding or removing columns. To do so, use the right mouse button to click on the header of the list (for example on the *From* header field) and select the *Field Chooser* option from the context menu. A dialog that looks like *Figur 2.20, "Field Chooser*" will pop up.

Available fields:		_		_	Selected fields:	
Categories In Folder	~		Add	▶	Priority	
Modification		•	Delete		Attachments	
Sent To					From	
10					Subject Received	
					Size	
					Flag Status	
	Y					
					Up	
					Down	٦.



Additionally, it is possible to sort the email list by selecting a specific column. By default email is sorted by the *Received* date column.

#### 2.4.4. Searching

To search click the *Search* button in the tool bar. A seach bar (see: *Figur 2.21, "Searching Options"*) will then be added to the WebAccess view (to remove the search bar, click the *Search* button again).

Zarafa Webaccess									
🔄 New 👻 🔀 🕌 👹 Reply 🍹	📔 Reply Al	l 🥁 Forward 👫 Search						570	17.
Folder list	Inbox							1 of 5	- 4 >
All folders	Search	Subject or Sender 💌	for	Searc	ch	Clear			
<sup>=</sup> 🧐 Inbox - '		Subject		Subject			Received <b>v</b>	Size	P
🧐 Calendar		Sender Bodv		Thanks for joining Firefox Add-ons			Fri 05/04/07 08:52:02	5kb	8
🧐 Contacts	A	Subject or Sender		Schrijf u in voor TechNet Live op 18 juni	ni		Thu 05/03/07 16:08:25	118kb	8
🞯 Deleted Items	Ā	To or cc		TechNet Flash: Windows Server "Longi	ghorn" E	Beta 3 Is Here	Thu 05/03/07 06:41:11	322kb	8
💯 Drafts		administratie@hostingpo	wer.	Betaling ontvangen!			/Ved 05/02/07 17:48:08	9kb	
🗄 🔯 Inbox		The ∀Mware Team		VMworld: Save the Date, September 11	1 - 13		Wed 05/02/07 10:15:05	24kb	P
🦉 Journal	A	STARTREK.COM		TNG at 20, Star Trek convention news,	, Dooha	n memorial and more	Tue 05/01/07 20:04:17	59kb	P
🙀 Junk E-mail	A	service@bigdennis.com		Koninginnedag, en BigDennis.com viert	t mee!		Sat 04/28/07 14:10:04	7kb	P
🖉 Notes		ØI					Fri 04/27/07 08:31:26	54kb	P
🔯 Outbox	A	Speurders.nl		Dit wil jij toch ook?			Thu 04/26/07 11:46:33	18kb	P
Sent Items		Inmac		Nieuw TOMTOM One XL			Wed 04/25/07 13:43:51	19kb	P
🧭 Tasks		Microsoft		Microsoft MSDN-nieuwsbrief			Wed 04/25/07 12:53:34	95kb	P
🥬 Trash		Abood IT		FW Discourt on all Intel Yoon austainal			Tuo 04/04/07 17:44:40	Edita	

#### Figur 2.21. Searching Options

The seach bar allow a user to enter a search query and choose where to search. For example if a user remembers just a part of a message's subject he can select *Subject* from the pull down menu. After the query is keyed in the user should click the *Search* button (binoculars icon) on the seach bar, or press the enter on the keyboard. As shown in *Figur 2.22, "Search Result*", the email list is updated with the results of the search query.

	ly 🤯 Reply All 🥁 Forward 👫 Search			Complete All D	
older list	Inbox				
folders	🦉 Search Subject or Sender 💌 fo	or startrek Search Clear			
🧐 Inbox	1 🖹 🖋 From	Subject	Received 🔻	Size	F
🧭 Calendar	STARTREK.COM	TNG at 20, Star Trek convention news, Doohan memorial and more	Tue 05/01/07 20:04:17	59kb	F
Contacts	STARTREK.COM	Movie news, new column and iTunes all on STARTREK.COM	Tue 03/27/07 17:17:05	47kb	7
Deleted Items	STARTREK.COM	STAR TREK XI: The Latest News	Fri 03/02/07 17:05:16	48kb	7
💯 Drafts	STARTREK.COM	Star Trek Recommends: Save 10% on Everything in the Store	Tue 02/20/07 16:31:22	94kb	7
± 🔄 Inbox	STARTREK.COM	Star Trek on iTunes, Remastered news and more!	Tue 02/06/07 18:18:31	60kb	7
🥰 Journal	STARTREK.COM	Star Trek Recommends: Save 10%	Tue 01/23/07 22:12:20	91kb	7
🧝 Junk E-mail 🧼 Notes	Konsel				
🐼 Outbox					
题 Sent Items					

#### Figur 2.22. Search Result

When finished searching press the *Clear* button (red circle icon) to return to the normal list view. To remove the search bar click the *Search* button in the tool bar again.

#### Notera

Archiving functionality is provided by the **Zarafa Archiver**, a product that is be offered separately from ZCP.

#### 2.4.5. Downloading Attachments

Attachments can be downloaded one by one, by right-clicking the attachment and selecting *Save target as*. From ZCP 6.50 up, it's possible to download all attachments from a message at once, in a compressed ZIP file, by clicking the *Download all Attachments* button, as seen in *Figur 2.23*, *"Message Attachments"*.

Attachments: Download all attachments wallpaper-69393.jpg (1331kb); wallpaper-74836.png (1958kb); wallpaper-288717.jpg (125kb);

Figur 2.23. Message Attachments

#### 2.4.6. Attach items to mail

To add items as attachments or forward them as text message in body of composing mail.

1. Click on Attach Items button or envelope with paper clip icon (see: Figur 2.24, "Attach Item Dialog").

Create E-Mail	🗾 🗟 🌡 ! 🕽 Dptions 🔻			
From:	Attach Items		_	
To				
	=			
CC	Look in:			
BCC				Ж
Subject:				
	Calendar			ncel
Attachments:			rinsert As	
B ∠ U abe >	- O Deleted Items			xt Only
D I U HPG /				achment
Format Normal			- Au	lachment
	= 🥵 Journal 🙀 Junk E-mail			
thanks,				
Shyam	🙂 🏈 Notes			
	Select from:	I I I	Page 9 of	10
	🗜 📔 🖉 Subject	Received	Size	2
	📃 🔗 Task Request: ddddd	Fri 09-07-2010 19:23	6kb	R 🔽
	🛆 test	Tue 22-06-2010 19:04	3kb	R
	testing it should move to cas	Tue 23-03-2010 15:51	4kb	R
		Tue 23-03-2010 11:25	230kb	$\bigtriangledown$
		Tue 23-03-2010 11:18	230kb	R
		Wed 14-07-2010 18:39	2kb	$\nabla$
	FW: to ever 1			
	FW: to ever 1	Fri 16-04-2010 11:47	3kb	
	FW: to ever 1	Fri 16-04-2010 11:47 Fri 16-04-2010 11:44	4kb	R _
	FW: to ever 1	Fri 16-04-2010 11:47		

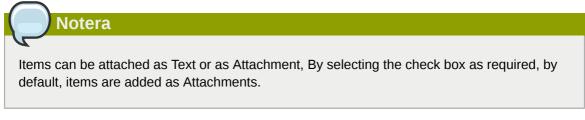
Figur 2.24. Attach Item Dialog

Notera
It's possible to quickly forward e-mail messages as attachments. Right-click the Forward Items column in the message list.

2. Browse through the message list and select the items need which to be attached.

Create E-Mail	
🔄 Send 💾 🚔 🖉 週 🏂 🍇 🕴 📜 🛃 🗈 Options 🔻	
From:	~
To test'6 <test6@zarafa.local>;</test6@zarafa.local>	
CC	
BCC	
Subject: sample for Attach items	
Attachments:	
B       I       U       abe       ×. × <sup>2</sup> i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
To: test2 ; shyam ; From: test6 Sent: Tue 23-03-2010 11:25 Subject: FW: Thank you & follow-up Attachment: image001.gif From Sent: Friday, March 19, 2010 4:38 PM To: Sent: Friday, March 19, 2010 4:38 PM To: Subject: RE: Thank you & follow-up	

Figur 2.25. New Mail with message items added as attachment



Notera

Items can be quickly attached by doing a double click on selected items.



# 2.5. Calendar usage

# 2.5.1. Create new appointment with invitations and free/busy status

1. Select the folder Calendar.

2. Select the button *New* to create a new appointment. A dialog as shown in *Figur 2.26, "New Appointment"* pops up.

Appointment	CRecurrence		nuees I 🐢			
_ L						
ubject:	sales meeting			Labak	Nene	
ocation:	Delft			Label:	None	*
Start time:	06-10-2008		14:30	📃 All Day Event		
ind time:	06-10-2008		15:00			
Reminder:	15 minutes	Busy St	tatus: Busy	¥		
Attachments:						

Figur 2.26. New Appointment

- 3. Insert a subject for the appointment, and optinally a location.
- 4. Select a start and end time for the appointment.
- 5. Optional: Enable the reminder option, this will trigger a reminder pop-up (see: *Figur 2.27, "Reminder dialog"*) before the appointment starts. The time interval between the reminder and the appointment is adjustable in the field next to the reminder option. When it is time for the reminder to pop-up, the Zarafa WebAccess shows a list of these reminders with buttons to Open the item, *Dismiss the item, Dismiss All* items or to *Snooze* the reminders by a given time.



Reminders		
0 reminders are selected		
Subject	Due in	
🥬 work meeting	17 minutes overdue	~
		~
Dismiss All	Open Item Dismis	s
Click Snooze to be reminded again in:		
5 minutes	✓ Snooz	e

Figur 2.27. Reminder dialog

6. Using the button *Invite Attendees* one can send a meeting request as shown in *Figur 2.28*, *"Meeting request"*. To add attendees, simply add their email addresses. The email addresses need to be separated by a semicolon. By clicking the *To:* button contacts can be selected from the Address Book. The attendee will receive a meeting request which the attendee can *Accept*, accept as *Tentative* or *Decline*, alternatively the attendee can also *Propose New Time* for that request.

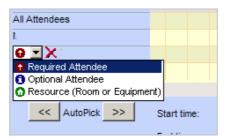
🛁 Send 💾 Save	😂 🖉 🗘 Recurre	nce Cancel Invitation	] 🕴 🌡 📗		
Appointment	Scheduling				
To:	Lucas Test <lucas@< td=""><td>unit1.ztest.nl&gt;;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></lucas@<>	unit1.ztest.nl>;			
Subject:	sales meeting				
location:	Delft		Label:	None	~
Start time:	06-10-2008	14:30 🚔	🗌 All Day Event		
End time:	06-10-2008	15:00 🚔			
📒 Reminder:	15 minutes 🛛 💉	Busy Status: Busy	*		
Attachments:					
Contacts:		Categories:		Private 📃	

Figur 2.28. Meeting request

7. By opening the tab *Scheduling*, the free/busy times for multiple people are shown (see: *Figur 2.29*, *"Scheduling/FreeBusy"*). On this tab colleagues can be invited (*Add a name*); an overview is showing exactly when a specific person is busy, out of the office, or available. If an attendee has proposed a new date or time for a meeting, the proposals are shown on the *Scheduling* tab as well.

Appointment Scheduling																								
Proposed start date and time			Prop	osed	l end	date a	and ti	me			Du	ation						Pr	opose	ed by				
1-09-2008 15:00			11-0	9-200	08 15	30					30 (	30 minutes				<c< td=""><td>urren</td><td>nt Mee</td><td>eting 1</td><td>Time&gt;</td><td></td><td></td></c<>	urren	nt Mee	eting 1	Time>				
1-09-2008 15:01			11-0	9-200	)8 22	01					7 h	ours						Hil	de Te	st				
<sub>zoom</sub> 1 day 👻	)6	07	08	09	Th 10	u 11 9 .11	Sep 2	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	_22	23	00	01	02	03	04	05
All Attendees																								
Inge Test																								
🛛 🗾 🗙 Hilde Test																								
🕽 🔄 🗙 Hilde Test																								
Add a name																								
	•							Ш																Þ
<< AutoPick>>	St	art tir	ne:		11	-09-2	2008				•	15	5: <b>01</b>		A V									
		nd tim			44	-09-2	0000				-	22	2:01											

Figur 2.29. Scheduling/FreeBusy



#### Figur 2.30. Meeting request

- 8. Colleagues can be added via the Add a name field.
- 9. Attendees can be marked either as "required" or as "optional". It is also possible to schedule a resource like a room or a piece of equipment needed for that meeting.

	Notera
	Resources have to be created by the administrator.
_	

10. In the *Tracking* tab a list with all attendees for this appointment, with their responses, can be found.

Meeting				
Send 💾 Save 🕴	😂 🖉 🗘 Recurrence 🎦	Cancel Invitation 🕴 🄱 📗		
Appointment S	Scheduling Tracking			
The following response	es to this meeting have been re	eceived:		
Name		Attendance	Response	
🛱 james		Organizer	No Response	*
🖹 Luis Test		Required	Tentative	

Figur 2.31. Tracking tab

#### 2.5.2. Accept a meeting invitation

If someone invites you for a meeting, you will receive meeting invitation. At the top of the invitation a bar containing the buttons *Accept*, *Tentative*, *Decline* and *Propose New Time* is shown for sending a response to the owner of the appointment. See *Figur 2.32*, "*Meeting invitation buttons*".



Figur 2.32. Meeting invitation buttons

By clicking *Propose New Time* a user can propose a new date or time to the owner. The owner, upon receiving the proposal, can either accept it or decline it.

# 2.6. Multiple calendar views

The Zarafa WebAccess calendar has five different views:

- Day view
- · Workweek view
- Week view
- 7 day view (like the workweek view, but with 7 days)
- · Month view

Views can be switched via the four buttons in the tool bar.

The date picker is used to move the view to another day/week/month, which is at the top right of the screen when the calendar is opened.

### 2.6.1. Move/delete appointment

#### 2.6.1.1. Move appointment

An appointment can be moved to another time/date by selecting the item and dragging it to the new date and time. Alternatively, (for instance if the new date is not in the current view) an appointment can be opened (either by double clicking on it or by right clicking on it and choosing the *Open* option), which presents a dialog where the new date and time can be set.

#### 2.6.1.2. Delete appointment

Appointments are deleted by the delete button in the context menu that shows when clicking on an appointment with the right mouse button. Alternatively, one can use the *Delete* button in the tool bar, or the *Del/Delete* key on the keyboard.

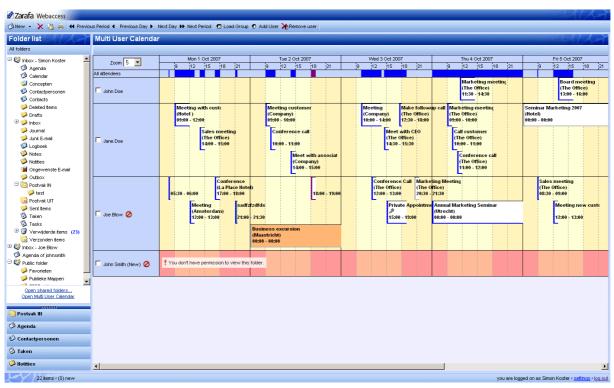
# 2.7. Multi User Calendar

Opening other users calendars side-by-side is possible with the Multi User Calendar (see *Figur 2.33, "Multi User Calendar"*): click on the *Open Multi User Calendar* link in the bottom of the folder pane.

# Notera

This feature is not available in the community version of Zarafa.

#### Kapitel 2. Using the Zarafa WebAccess



Figur 2.33. Multi User Calendar

#### 2.7.1. Adding a user to the time line

1. Click on the *Add User* button in tool bar at the top (see: *Figur 2.34, "Timeline"*). The Address Book window will open.

Next P	eriod	🕅 Load	Group	🖸 Add U	lser 🔆 F	Remove	user		
Mon 1	Oct 200	7			Tue 2	Oct 20	07		
Mon 1 12	Oct 200	7	21	9	Tue 2	Oct 20	07 18	21	
			21	9				21	

Figur 2.34. Timeline

- 2. Click on a user to select that person and click on the button Ok.
- 3. The user is added to the time line and his/her appointments are loaded.

#### 2.7.2. Deleting a user from the time line

Select the user by clicking on the check box in front of their name. Click on the button *Remove User* in the tool bar at the top.

#### 2.7.3. Loading a group of users to the time line

1. Click on the button *Load Group…* in the bar at the top. The "Group Window", as shown in *Figur 2.35, "User groups"*, will open.

Whttp://localhost - User group - M User group	lozilla Firefox	
Groups Sales rep Executives PR	Users Jane Doe John Doe	
	Ok Cancel	
Done		<b>⊘</b> /,

Figur 2.35. User groups

- 2. Select a group in the left list and click on the button *Ok*.
- 3. The group of users is added to the time line and their appointments are loaded per user.

#### 2.7.4. Load group dialog

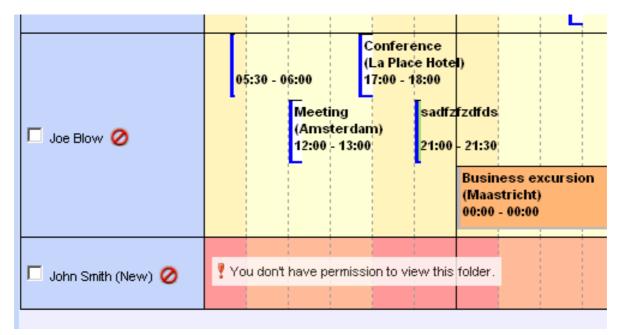
The Load Group dialog can be opened by clicking on the button Load Group in the bar at at the top.

The dialog consists of two lists. The list to the left shows the different groups that have been created. The list to the right displays all the users that are members of a particular group when that group has been selected from the left list.

To add or delete a group or user use respectively the plus or minus buttons on the right side of the list. Remember that a group must be selected prior to adding or removing a user.

#### 2.7.5. No Access message

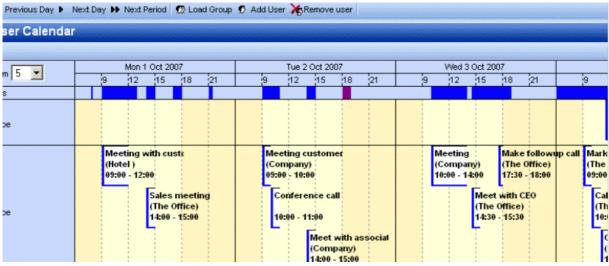
When using the Multi User Calendar with several calendars of collegues open, one might not have permission to create appointments for a colleague, or not have permission to view the content a colleague's calendar at all. In case one does not have permission to create an appointment for a colleage, an icon is placed after the colleague's name as an indicator. In case one has no access to the calendar at all, the entire time line for that user is marked red and a warning message appears as shown in *Figur 2.36, "No Access message"*.



Figur 2.36. No Access message

#### 2.7.6. Cumulative free/busy information

The row directly above the time lines (see: *Figur 2.37, "Free busy information for all attendees"*) contains the cumulative free/busy information of all users loaded in the Multi User Calendar. The bar also shows whether the appointments are set as *Tentative*, *Busy* or *Out of Office*.



Figur 2.37. Free busy information for all attendees

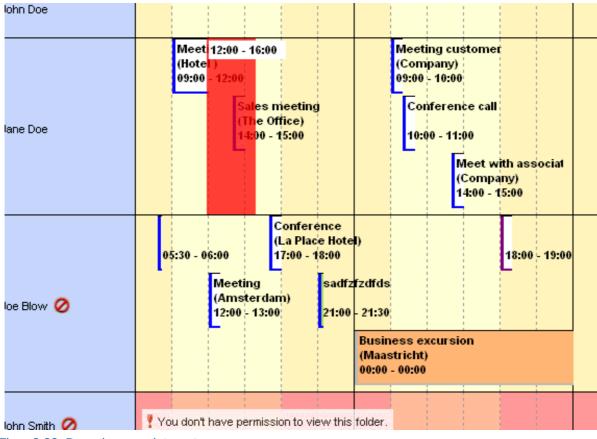
#### 2.7.7. Create or delete an appointment

To create an appointment simply double click on the time line of the user an appointment has to be created for. This will open a new appointment window where the appointment can be created.

To delete an appointment: double click on the appointment to open it, then use the red cross in the toolbar of the appointment dialog to delete it.

# 2.7.8. Moving appointments

Moving an appointment can be achieved by opening the appointment and changing the start time. In practise most users will prefer moving appointments by using drag-and-drop. To drag an appointment the user clicks and hold down the left mouse button on an appointment and moves (drags) the mouse over the time line to the desired location, to release the mouse button at that point. To help place the appointment a red overlay (see: *Figur 2.38, "Dragging appointments"*) follows the mouse to indicate new place of the appointment when the mouse is released at that point.

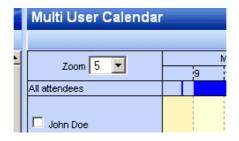


Figur 2.38. Dragging appointments

It is also possible to drag an appointment to the store of another user (provided enough permissions are granted). Simply move the mouse to another user's row and the red overlay will follow.

# 2.7.9. Changing zoom level

It is possible to quickly zoom in on the time line by changing the zoom level using the drop down menu (see: *Figur 2.39, "Zoomlevel"*) in the top left corner of the Multi User Calendar. This setting is not saved and will be reset to the default setting (as set in the settings dialog) next time the Multi User Calendar is opened.





#### 2.7.10. Changing number of displayed days

The number of days that are loaded in the time line and the number of days that are visible at the same time (zoom level) can be set from the settings dialog: on the *Calendar* tab in the *Multi User Calendar View* section. These settings will be used whenever the Multi User Calendar is opened.

#### 2.7.11. Browse time period

The *Previous Period* and *Next Period* buttons on the tool bar at the top of the page (see: *Figur 2.40, "Buttons for changing time period"*) are used to view the next of the previous time line period. The *Previous Day* and *Next Day* buttons merely move the time line by a single day.

S	
/ 📢 Previou	is Period 🖣 Previous Day 🕨 Next Day 🍽 Next Period 🛛 🕵
450	Multi User Calendar
and a state of the	and the stand

Figur 2.40. Buttons for changing time period

# **2.8. Tasks**

In the task folder a to-do list can be created and managed. A task is created with the following steps:

- 1. Select the folder Tasks
- 2. Use the button *New* to create a new task. A *New Task* dialog will be opened as shown in *Figur 2.41, "New task window"*.

Task					1 A.A
💾 Save 🔗 🗘 I	Recurrence 🔯 Assign "	Task 🤣 🗙			
Task Details	1				
Subject:					
Due Date:	None	📴 Status:	Not Started		~
Start Date:	None	Priority:	Normal 💌	% Complete:	0%
Reminder:	None	None 🛓	Owner:	anand	
Attachments:					
Contacts:		Categori	es:		Private 📃

Figur 2.41. New task window

- 3. Fill in the preferred fields. The fields in this window are comparable with those in the *New Appointment* dialog.
- 4. Use the Save button to confirm. The task can now be found in the task overview.

Alternatively, new tasks can be created directly from the *Tasks* overview (see: *Figur 2.42, "Task overview"*). Right below the tool bar the fields for creating a new task as shown. Simply enter the field for a new task directly into these empty field and save it with the ENTER key.



Figur 2.42. Task overview

## 2.8.1. Recurrence in Tasks

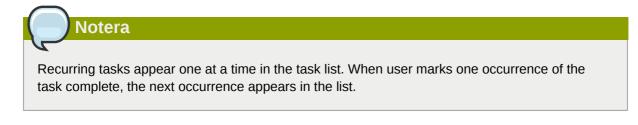
Task Recurrer	nce			
Recurrence pattern Daily VVeekly Monthly Yearly	<ul> <li>Every 1 week(s)</li> <li>Monday Tuesday</li> <li>Friday Saturday</li> <li>Regenerate new task 1</li> </ul>	VVednesday 🗹	Thursday each task is completed	
Range of recurrence	28-01-2010	<ul> <li>No end date</li> <li>End after: 10</li> <li>End By:</li> </ul>	occurrences 28-01-2010	
	OK Cancel	Remove Rec	urrence	

Figur 2.43. Task Recurrence

#### **2.8.1.1. Add/Change Recurrence in a Task**

Only the owner of a task can change the task in a *recurring* task.

- 1. Select *Recurrence* from menu in task dialog shown in *Figur 2.41, "New task window"*. This popsup a recurrence dialog as shown in *Figur 2.43, "Task Recurrence"*.
- 2. Select the frequency (Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Yearly) of recurrence.
- 3. To specify when the task repeats, do one of the following:
  - **Repeat the task at regular intervals:** Click on options given on the right-side of Recurrence pattern to recur the task on specific intervals
  - Repeat task at interval after the date it is completed: Click *Regenerate new task* and fill the interval in the box.



#### 2.8.1.2. Remove Recurrence from a Task

- 1. Open the recurring task
- 2. Click Recurrence from menu in task dialog.
- 3. Click Remove Recurrence as shown in Figur 2.43, "Task Recurrence"

#### **2.8.2. Task Requests**

In addition to creating tasks for oneself, a user can assign tasks to others by sending them a task requests.

Task						
🖂 Send 🖉 🌡	CRecurrence	🥳Cancel As	signment 🗙	:		
Task Details	1					
To:						
Subject:						
Due Date:	None		Status:	Not Started		~
Start Date:	None		Priority:	Normal 💌	% Complete:	0%
<ul><li>✓ Keep copy of tas</li><li>✓ Send me a statu</li></ul>	sk in task list. s report when ta	sk is completed	<i>4</i> .			
Attachments:						
Contacts:			Categori	ies:		Private 📃

Figur 2.44. Task Request

#### 2.8.2.1. Assign a task to someone

- 1. Click Assign Task from menu in task dialog as shown in Figur 2.41, "New task window". This will show Task request fields as shown in Figur 2.44, "Task Request".
- 2. Enter user address in the *TO* field. The user's address can also be resolved either by clicking *Check Names* button in menu or from *Suggestion List* which pops-up while typing user's name.
- 3. Select or clear the Keep an updated copy of this task on my task list check box and the Send me a status report when this task is complete check box.
- 4. Type instructions or information about the task in the body.

#### 5. Click Send



If a recurring task is assigned, a copy of task is created in task list but it won't be updated. If *Send me a status report when this task is complete* check box is selected, a status report will be received for each completed occurrence of the task.

#### 2.8.2.2. Accept or decline a task request

- 1. Open the task or task request.
- 2. Click Accept or Decline.

#### 2.8.2.3. Reclaim ownership of a declined task

- 1. Open the task that contains the decline task request
- 2. Click Return to Task List

## 2.9. Contacts

The *Contacts* folder has multiple views: card view and list view. Switching between views is done with the buttons on the tool bar.

Emails can be send directly to contacts by the right mouse button context menu option *Email Message*.

The letters at right side of the contact view allow users to quicky move through the contact list.

🖗 New 👻 🔀 😂 🚳 Cards 🚳 List				
Folder list	Contacts			
All folders				
🗆 🧐 Inbox - Alex Test	Charly Peterson			
Calendar	Work:			
Contacts	Email:			
Deleted Items (5)	IBM (Dear, John)			
💯 Drafts	Work:			
🕀 🔄 Inbox (2)	Email:			
🙆 Iournal				

Figur 2.45. Contacts

#### 2.9.1. Create new contact

A new contact is created with the New button in the tool bar, when the viewing the Contacts folder.

The *New Contact* dialog is then shown allowing a user to fill in all the information about a contact before it is saved with the *Save* button.

With the option *Private*, in lower right corner of the *New Contact* dialog, the contact can be hidden from colleagues that have access to that *Contacts* folder.

#### 2.9.2. Detailed Contacts

Since ZCP version 6.30 the WebAccess provides a detailed dialog for contacts as shown in *Figur 2.46, "Details of a contact"*.

Contact			
😬 Save 🖌 🥒 🎦	×		
General Details	5		
-Name		Email	
Full Name	M	Email 💌	
Function:		Display Name:	aanikaan gaan ah ()))
Company:		Webpage:	
File as:	30000000	IM - Address:	
-Phone numbers	2 	-Additional Informat	tion
Business			
Home			
Business Fax.			
Mobile	-		
-Addresses			
Business:	Emprovidi		
Use this	Texapitation		
address for mailing.			
Attachments			
Attachments:			
-			
Contacts:		Categories:	Private

Figur 2.46. Details of a contact

In the Contact window, buttons are available instead of labels; click a button to show the details for that particular field. Screenshots of the detailed dialog boxes for *Full Name (Figur 2.47, "Name details dialog"*), *Phone Number (Figur 2.48, "Phone details dialog"*) and Address (*Figur 2.49, "Address details dialog"*) are shown below.

Title:	-		
First:	Klaas		
Middle:			
Last:	Jansen		
Suffix:	Sr. 🔻		
Sho		en name is incomple clear	te or
	Ok	Cancel	

Figur 2.47. Name details dialog

Country/Region Code:	+31
City/Area code:	015
Local number:	123456
Extension:	

Figur 2.48. Phone details dialog

Street:	<u>Hooftstraat</u> 69	
City:	Delft	
State/Province:	Zuid-Holland	
ZIP/Postal code:	2524HT	
Country/Region:	Netherlands	

Figur 2.49. Address details dialog

There are three types of address fields (*Home*, *Business* and *Other*). The drop down menu shown in *Figur 2.50, "Cascade menu to choose the address type"* is used to change between these addresses. In this menu, ticks are shown besides the address types indicating which addresses have been entered already.

Home:	11000	
nome.	Home	
	Dusinger	
Use this address	<ul> <li>Business</li> </ul>	
mailing.	Other	

Figur 2.50. Cascade menu to choose the address type

Different types of *Phone Number* fields are available in the Zarafa WebAccess. To change the *Phone Number* type use menu shown in *Figur 2.51, "Cascade menu to choose the phone type"*. In this menu, ticks are shown besides the address types indicating which phone number types have been entered already.

Contact	
💾 Save 🛛 🖉 🛛 🔀	
General Details	Assistant
-Name	Business
Full Name:	Business 2
Function:	Business Fax
Company:	Callback
File as:	Car
- Phone numbers	-
Business:	Company
Home:	Home
Business Fax:	Home 2
Mobile:	Home Fax
- Addresses	ISDN
Business:	Mobile
Use this address	Other
for mailing.	Other Fax
- Attachments	Pager
Attachments:	Primary
Acaerments	Radio
	Telex
Contacts:	TTY/TDD

Figur 2.51. Cascade menu to choose the phone type

## 2.10. Distribution Lists

Sending a mail to a distribution list is done in the same way as sending a mail to a single contact. Simply select the distribution list from the address list when adding entries to a *TO*, *CC* or *BCC* field. After selecting the distribution list, all mailaddresses will be placed in the chosen header field.

## 2.10.1. Creating new distribution lists

Select the *Contacts* folder the new distribution list has to be created in. Select the option *Distribution List* from the *New* button on the tool bar. A dialog as shown in *Figur 2.52, "New Distribution list window"* will open.

Distribution List
Pave Save
Members Notes
Name: Sales colleagues
Select Members Add new Remove
🖹 Name E-mail
🖗 Lucas@unit1.ztest.nl 🛛
Luke@unit1.ztest.nl
Categories: Private

Figur 2.52. New Distribution list window

With the button *Select Members* contacts can be selected from the *Address Book* to add to the distribution list. Alternatively, the *Add new* button can be used to create a new contact that is added to the distribution list immediately.

New e-mail	address
Name	
Email Address	
	Ok Cancel

Figur 2.53. Add new address dialog

With the button *Remove* selected contacts are removed from the distribution list. Contacts are selected by single clicks in the lower part of the dialog.

Notes can also be added to the distribution list from the Notes tab.

## 2.11. Public Folder Favourites

The *Favourite* folder, located under the *Public Folders*, is a place where shortcuts to often used public folders can be stored. To add a public folder to the favourites, right click on that public folder and select *Add to favourite folder*. A dialog as shown in *Figur 2.54, "Add to favorite folder window"* will appear. It asks: "Fill in a name for the favourite folder (by default the same name will be given to the folder)". By default only the selected folder will be inserted in the favourite folder without subfolders (unless specified otherwise).

Add to favorite	folder - Mozilla 🔳 🔲 🔀	
http://unit1.zte	st.nl/webaccess/index.php?load: 🟠	
Add to favorite	folder	
Public folder name:	New Important Folder	
Favorite folder name:	To Do	
Add subfolders of this folder Add immediate subfolders only Add all subfolders		
	Add Cancel	

Figur 2.54. Add to favorite folder window

## 2.12. Rules

Rules automatically perform actions on incoming messages based on certain criteria, they can move, copy, delete or forward the message. When a message is deliverd the rules are applied directly on the Zarafa Server, so a user does not have to be logged in to execute the rules.

To create or edit rules, first open the *Rules* dialog by clicking on the *Rules* button in the tool bar (see: *Figur 2.55, "Rules button"*). This button only shows when a mail folder is opened.



A dialog as shown in *Figur 2.56, "Rules overview dialog"* is presented. In this dialog a user's rules can be created, modified or deleted. It is also possible to change the order in which the rules are applied. To change the order of a rule select it and click the *Up* or *Down* button.

To disable a rule without deleting it, click the checkbox in front of that rule. Only checked rules will be executed upon the arrival of new mail. After checking or unchecking rules, click the *Ok* button to save the changes to the server.

Rules	
The following rules have been defined:	
Name	
☑ mail for development	▲
🔽 Messages from Michael	New
🔽 newsletter from zarafa	Edit
🔽 delete all mail from Simon	Delete
🔽 private mail	
	Down
	<b>_</b>
Ok Cancel	

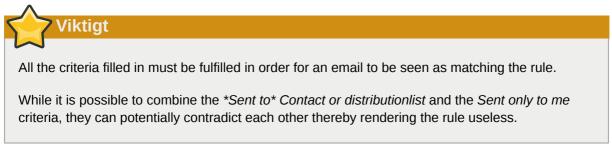
Figur 2.56. Rules overview dialog

To create a new rule, click the *New* button in the *Rules* dialog. The dialog as shown in *Figur 2.57, "Add/edit rules dialog"* is presented. This is the same dialog as the dialog for editing rules which is opened by selecting a rule from the *Rules* dialog and clicking the *Edit* button.

Add/Edit rule	
-Rule	
Rule name	Messages from Michael
-With the following prope	
From field contains	
Subject contains	
Priority	
-Sent to	
Contact or distributionlist	<u></u>
Sent only to me	
-Perform the following a	ction
Move to <u>Developing</u>	
C Copy to <u>folder</u>	
C Delete the message	
C Forward to	
	Ok Cancel

Figur 2.57. Add/edit rules dialog

In the *Rule name* field a short description of the rule — to identify it in the rules overview dialog — can be provided. Below the *Rule name* field the criteria of the rule are specified. The incoming message can be matched by sender address, by subject, by the priority it has, by the recipient address, or based on if the message has "only been sent to me". These criteria can be combined to match messages more specifically. The buttons behind the input fields to open the *Address Book* to select an email address.



Finally the action must be picked. This speaks for itself. When setting the *move* or *copy* action, the destination folder must be specified by clicking on the underlined text.

When finished close the dialog by clicking the *Ok* button. To save the rule, the *Rules* overview dialog **must also be closed** by clicking *Ok*.

## 2.13. Settings

In the bottom-right corner of the Zarafa WebAccess, to the left of the *log out* link, resides a *settings* link by which the *Settings* dialog can be opened. The *Settings* dialog contains 6 tabs, the following sections cover each of the tabs.

## 2.13.1. The "Preferences" tab

Settings	
💾 Save 🔗 Close	5057
Preferences Compose mail Out of Office Calendar	Addressbook
-General	
Language	English
Color theme	default
New mail check timeout	5 minutes 💌
Automatic logout	After 60 minutes
-Folder Options	
Startup folder	Lost approach falder
	Last opened folder
Number of items to display per page	100 💌
Reading pane visible	

#### Figur 2.58. Settings: Preferences

- Language, sets the default language for the WebAccess.
- Color theme, pick one of silver, white and the default (blue).
- *Automatic logout*, use this option to increase security and set the WebAccess to logout automatically if it goes unused for the specified amount of time.
- Startup folder, the folder that is displayed when logging in to the WebAccess.
- Number of items displayed per page.
- *Reading pane visible*, if and where the preview pane for emails should be located. Pick one of *Right*, *Bottom* or *Off*.
- New mail check timeout, by default the WebAccess will check every 5 minutes for new email.
- How to respond to requests for read receipts, pick on the the options.
- *Edit Delegates...*, opens a dialog for choosing which users are allowed to be the current user's delegates. Delegates are allowed open the current user's store, and send messages --emails or (responses on) meeting requests-- on his behalf.

• *Results refresh every (X) seconds*, how often (if at all) the results of advanced searches should be refreshed.

## 2.13.2. The "Compose mail" tab

Settings	
ESave ØClose	
Preferences Compose mail Out of Office Calenda	ar Addressbook
General	
Reply-to address	
Compose mail in this format	HTML
Close original message on reply or forward	
Always request a read receipt	
AutoSave unsent every: 3 minutes	
Cursor position when replying	Start of body 🗸 🗸
-From Email Addresses	
Set FROM email addresses	<u> </u>
	-
	×
-Signature	
Always add signature to outgoing mail	
Edit signatures	

Figur 2.59. Settings: Compose mail

- Reply-to address, the address that recipient of a users emails will "reply to" when replying.
- Compose mail in this format, composing new mails as Plain text or HTML (rich formatting).
- *Close original message on reply or forward*, when double clicking a mail in the list view a dialog pops up showing the message. With this option enabled that dialog will close when either its *reply* or its *forward* is clicked.
- Always request a read receipt, turn this on to automatically request read receipts.
- AutoSave unsent every: ... minutes, set when to auto-save unsent messages.
- Cursor position when replying, where to start entering text when replying a mail.
- Set FROM email addresses, here the addresses that can be used to send mail FROM are specified. Use the '+' button on the right to add an address; to remove an address select it and click the '-' button. While composing an email the FROM address can be selected from a drop down menu on top of the TO field — this drop down menu contains the addresses picked with this setting.

Name	user name				
Email Address	user@zarafa.com				
Ok Cancel					

Figur 2.60. Example: Set from address

• *Edit signatures...*, opens the signature dialog from where signatures --for new mails or replies and forwards-- are managed. See *Figur 2.61*, "*HTML signature*".

ame	Signature for new messages:	TEST
	Signature for replies and forwards:	<none></none>
Remove New Save Rename		
B     I     I     I     I       Format     Normal     ▼     Font     ▼	) (*    Ø ] : ■ 吾 吾 ≡ ] : ∺ Ω ] Size	
University of the second secon		

Figur 2.61. HTML signature

#### 2.13.3. The "Out of Office" tab

Here a user can mark himself "in" or "out" of the office. The AutoReply message that is sent automatically in reply to all incoming messages can be specified on this tab as well.

To prevent flooding, AutoReplies are only sent once per day to a specific email address.

#### 2.13.4. The "Calendar" tab

- Start and End of workday, specifies the part of the day that is marked as "workday".
- *Vertical size*, the vertical size of the calendar. People with very large displays want to consider setting it to *Large*.

- Calendar resolution, the smallest time block that appointments allign with.
- *Default Reminder*, wheather or not reminders are added to appointments by default, and if so, how long before the appointment start the default reminder should occur. These setting can be overwritten per appointment.

The following options relate to the Multi User Calendar (MUC):

- Number of days displayed, the number of days that are visible at default zoom level in the MUC.
- *Number of days loaded*, the number of days that are loaded. When this number is larger then the *Number of days displayed*, the remaining days need scrolling to be visible.

#### 2.13.5. The "Addressbook" tab

• *Default selected folder/addressbook*, sets which folder of addressbook should be used by default throughout the Zarafa WebAccess.

#### 2.13.6. The "Shortcuts" tab

Here keyboard shortcuts can be switched "on" or "off". All the available keyboard shortcuts are listed here as well.

## 2.14. Firefox Extensions

Since the Zarafa WebAccess is web application, it cannot deliver all functionality a native application can. Especially integration with the desktop is hard for web applications. To overcome this Zarafa has released two extensions for *Mozilla Firefox*<sup>1</sup>, since most of our clients use this fully open source browser.

Currently Zarafa offers two Firefox extensions from its website:

## 2.14.1. Zarafa Attachment Drag 'n' Drop Extension

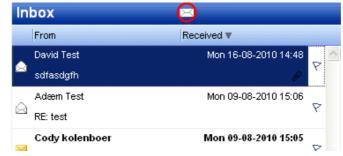
By installing this plug-in it is possible to use drag-and-drop for files in order to attach them to messages. It is possible to drag and drop a single file or a selection of multiple files.

From 6.40.4 up, this plug-in also allows messages to be dragged and dropped to the desktop. This function is used by selecting one or more messages and then dragging and dropping the envelope-icon to your desktop, as seen in *Figur 2.62, "Drag messages to desktop icon"*.



From 6.40.5 up, the add-on is no longer included in the ZCP packages, and can only be installed from the Mozilla FireFox add-ons site located at *https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/zarafa-dragndrop/* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://mozilla.org



Figur 2.62. Drag messages to desktop icon

## 2.14.2. Zarafa New Mail Notification Extension

The Zarafa New Mail Notification Extension allows users to check their Zarafa Inbox without opening the Zarafa WebAccess or Outlook. A Zarafa icon is put in the bottom right corner of the Firefox browser and will inform the users about incoming mail. A double click on the icon will redirect users directly to their WebAccess.

#### 2.14.2.1. Settings

With a right-click on the Zarafa icon the extension's settings are accessible, as shown in *Figur 2.63, "Zarafa Mail-checker extension settings"*.

Options							×
		5		6	A	÷Ö:	
Main	Tabs	Content	Applications	Privacy	Security	Advanced	Zarafa
	ttings —						
Acti	_						
URL							7
Usernan	ne						
Advance	ed Settings						
		gon to the V	VebAccess				
Open W	ebAccess i	n	A new Tab				
Check in							
			5 minutes	~	•		
Disp	olay alertbo	x when rece	eiving new mail				
Cookie			ZARAFA_FI	REFOX_EXT			
					ОК		incel

Figur 2.63. Zarafa Mail-checker extension settings

It is possible to activate or deactivate the plug-in.

It is necessary to fill in the url of the Zarafa WebAccess and the user's username.

The advanced settings allow the user to personalise the plug-in by changing the time interval for mail check and enabling/disabling the notification for new mail. It is also possible to specify how the Zarafa WebAccess should be opened when double clicking on the Zarafa icon, and to enable or disable automatic login to the WebAccess.

## 2.15. Advanced Zarafa WebAccess configurations

## 2.15.1. Zarafa WebAccess as default mail client

Since ZCP version 6.20 it is possible to set the Zarafa WebAccess as the default email client. Below we show three examples on associating the WebAccess with the default action for when a user clicks on an email addresses link.

#### 2.15.2. Windows

For all users on a computer:

Windows Registry Editor Version 5.00 [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client] @="Zarafa Web Client" [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\DefaultIcon] @="%windir%\\zarafa.ico" [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols] [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto] "URL Protocol"="" [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto\DefaultIcon] @="%windir%\\zarafa.ico" [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto\shell] [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto\shell\open] [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto\shell\open \command] @="rundll32.exe url.dll,FileProtocolHandler http://<ZARAFA\_WEBACCESS\_ADDRESS>/index.php? action=mailto&to=%l" [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\shell] [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\shell\open] @="Zarafa Web Client" [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\shell\open\command] @="rundll32.exe url.dll,FileProtocolHandler http://<ZARAFA\_WEBACCESS\_ADDRESS>/index.php? action=mailto&to=%1" [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Software\Classes\mailto] "EditFlags"=hex:02,00,00,00 "URL Protocol"="" @="URL:MailTo Protocol" [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Software\Classes\mailto\DefaultIcon] @="%windir%\\zarafa.ico" [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Software\Classes\mailto\shell] [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Software\Classes\mailto\shell\open] [HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Software\Classes\mailto\shell\open\command] @="rundll32.exe url.dll,FileProtocolHandler http://<ZARAFA\_WEBACCESS\_ADDRESS>/index.php? action=mailto&to=%1"

#### For current user only:

Windows Registry Editor Version 5.00 [HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client] @="Zarafa Web Client" [HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\DefaultIcon] @="%windir%\\zarafa.ico" [HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols]

#### Kapitel 2. Using the Zarafa WebAccess

```
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto]
"URL Protocol"=""
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto\DefaultIcon]
@="%windir%\\zarafa.ico"
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto\shell]
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto\shell\open]
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\Protocols\mailto\shell\open
\command]
@="rundll32.exe url.dll,FileProtocolHandler http://<ZARAFA_WEBACCESS_ADDRESS>/index.php?
action=mailto&to=%1"
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\shell]
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\shell\open]
@="Zarafa Web Client"
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Clients\Mail\Zarafa Web Client\shell\open\command]
@="rundll32.exe url.dll,FileProtocolHandler http://<ZARAFA_WEBACCESS_ADDRESS>/index.php?
action=mailto&to=%l"
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Classes\mailto]
"EditFlags"=hex:02,00,00,00
"URL Protocol"=""
@="URL:MailTo Protocol"
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Classes\mailto\DefaultIcon]
@="%windir%\\zarafa.ico"
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Classes\mailto\shell]
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Classes\mailto\shell\open]
[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Classes\mailto\shell\open\command]
@="rundll32.exe url.dll,FileProtocolHandler http://<ZARAFA_WEBACCESS_ADDRESS>/index.php?
action=mailto&to=%1"
```

#### 2.15.2.1. Installing the ".reg" file

- 1. Open a text editor like Notepad.
- 2. Insert the desired registry key, where **<ZARAFA\_WEBACCESS\_ADDRESS>** should be replaced by the **url** of your Zarafa WebAccess.
- 3. In the Start Menu, hit Run, enter regedit, and hit Ok.
- 4. Import the just created registry key.
- 5. In Outlook 2003/2007 go to Tools > Options > Other > uncheck *Make Outlook the default program for Email, Contacts & Calendar.*
- 6. In the *Start Menu*, hit *Run*, enter **%windir**%, and hit *Ok*. The default Windows folder will be opened.
- 7. Copy and paste **zarafa.ico** into the folder. The icon can be found on the server in the following folder: */webaccess/client/layout/img/favicon.ico*.

#### 2.15.3. Linux

1. Make a new script file **mailto.sh**.

2. Put the following lines in the file:

```
#!/bin/bash
ADDRESS=`echo $1|cut -f 2 -d : -`
# Logs this to syslog... just helps to make sure it is working properly
logger "Opening Zarafa mail client, addressed to $ADDRESS"
firefox "http://<SERVER>/<USER>/webaccess/index.php?action=mailto&to=$ADDRESS"
```

- 3. Replace http://<SERVER>/<USER>/webaccess/ with base URL of the WebAccess.
- 4. Save the file (preferably in the home directory), then run **chmod uog+rwx mailto.sh** from the same directory.
- 5. Now type **gnome-default-applications-properties** on a console or go to System > *Preferences* > *More Preferences* > *Preferred Applications*.
- Open "Mail reader" and set it to a custom action that looks like: /home/<USERNAME>/ mailto.sh %s

#### 2.15.4. Adding Zarafa WebAccess as mailto handler in Firefox

When clicking an URL of an email address (a *mailto* address) in Firefox it will try to open a mail client. Firefox has a list of possible mail clients to use, with the possibility to pick a default. To use the Zarafa WebAccess to handle *mailto* URLs in Firefox follow the these steps:

- 1. Type **about : config** in the address bar and press Enter. Ignore the warranty warning.
- 2. Put gecko.handlerservice in the filter box.
- 3. Double-click gecko.handlerService.allowRegisterFromDifferentHost. This will change its value from *false* to *true*.
- 4. Paste this code in the address bar while replacing https://<ZARAFA\_WEBACCESS\_ADDRESS> with the URL used to access the installation of the Zarafa WebAccess (usually the url used to get to the login screen of the WebAccess), then press Enter:

```
javascript:window.navigator.registerProtocolHandler("mailto","https://
<ZARAFA_WEBACCESS_ADDRESS>?action=mailto&url=%s","Zarafa WebAccess")
```

- 5. Below the address bar a message asking if the Zarafa WebAccess should be added as an application to handle *mailto* links. Click the *Add Application* button.
- Next time *mailto:* link is clicked, a screen will appear allowing the preferred mail client to be picked. Select the Zarafa WebAccess, and possibly check the box next to *Remember my choice for mailto:* links, then click OK.

From now on the Zarafa WebAccess will directly be used when clicking "mailto" links in Firefox. Please note that a user needs to be logged in (or make use of Single Sign On) for it to work smoothly.

## 2.16. Quirks

## 2.16.1. Firefox specific

Since Firefox 4.0, some alert messages may popup from the main window instead of in the message dialog. Although the alert message can handled in the other window, it may be confusing why the browser isn't responding. To revert the alert message behaviour to separate windows, the Firefox configuration needs to be altered. To do this, open a new tab or window in Firefox and type **about:config** in the url bar. Filter on **prompts** to find the correct option. Change the value of **prompts.tab\_model\_enabled** from **true** to **false**. Alert popups will now be separate windows again.

# **Separate WebApp manual**

Notera

Zarafa WebApp has moved to its own *WebApp User Manual*<sup>1</sup> and is no longer part of the general User Manual.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://doc.zarafa.com/trunk/User\_Manual\_WebApp/en-US/html-single/

# **Configure Outlook (using the Zarafa Windows Client)**

## **4.1. Installation of the Outlook client**

There are two requirements that must be fulfilled prior to installing a Zarafa workspace. First, Outlook 2003 or higher is needed, and second, the user must be created on the Zarafa Server.

The following steps are necessary to install a Zarafa workspace:

Notera

It is recommended to have the latest Service Packs and Security patches installed.

## 4.1.1. Install the client

To install the Zarafa Windows Client first assure Outlook is set as default email application from: Control panel > Internet > Applications. Then put the Zarafa CD in the drive, wait for the automatic start of the CD and choose the uppermost option: Windows Client. Alternatively, if the client was downloaded from another source, double click the file named: zarafaclient.msi

Notera

With version 5.10, Zarafa is introducing an MSI installer for the Zarafa client instead of an .exe installer. When upgrading from a Zarafa version prior to 5.10, it is advised to remove the older Zarafa client before running the new MSI installer. If the old client is not removed two Zarafa clients will be visible in the Windows software list.

## Notera

Version 5.xx of the Zarafa client is not compatible with a version 6.xx Zarafa server. With version 6.00, Zarafa will ask during the installation if it needs to update the existing files. Select this option if it's not necessary to connect to a Zarafa 5.2x server anymore.

## 4.1.1.1. Instructions for Outlook 2003.

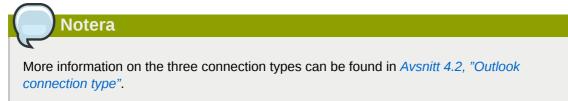
Create a new mail profile in Outlook 2003:

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Mail > Show Profiles....
- 2. Click Add... and fill in a title, for example Zarafa. Click OK.

Add a Zarafa Server to this profile:

- 1. Choose *Create a new mail account* and click *Next* in the dialog window that appears after adding the profile (or after choosing *Email Accounts...* in Outlook or the Mail setup).
- 2. Choose the last option (Extra server types) and click Next > choose Zarafa 6 Server > click Next51

- 3. The window shown on the right will appear.
- 4. Fill in the address or host name of the server in the Server field.
- 5. Optionally: choose HTTPS connections where available.
- 6. Fill in the login data of the user in the Username and Password fields.
- 7. Choose the connection type, there are 3 different possibilities:
  - Online
  - Cached Zarafa mode
  - · Detect at Startup



8. Choose OK a couple of times to close the windows.

#### 4.1.1.2. Instructions for Outlook 2007 and higher

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Mail > Show Profiles...
- 2. Click on Add... and fill in a title, for example Zarafa. Click OK.
- 3. Select the option Manually configure server settings or additional server types and click on Next.
- 4. Select Other, and choose Zarafa Server and click Next.
- 5. Fill in the address or host name of the server in the Server field.
- 6. Optionally: choose HTTPS connections where available.
- 7. Fill in the logon data of the user in the Username and Password fields.
- 8. Click *Ok*. The personal folders of this user and the public folders will appear as store in Outlook after adding the server in this way.
- 9. Click Finish to finalise the profile.



The Zarafa account has to be the default account in the Outlook profile. It's not possible to have the Zarafa account as secondary account and use as primary account for example an IMAP account.

#### 4.1.2. Start Outlook

1. Start Outlook and make sure the added profile is being used.

- 2. This can be set in *Control panel > Mail > Profiles...* on the bottom of the dialog window.
- 3. The private mailbox of the entered user and the public folder will appear as a store in Outlook.

## 4.2. Outlook connection type

By default, Outlook has an ongoing connection to the Zarafa server and does not store the folders and items on the local hard drive. With the introduction of Zarafa 6.00, it is possible to synchronise all private Outlook data to the local hard drive. Email, agenda and contacts can easily be accessed even if no connection to the server is available. This functionality is only available if the offline storage is enabled (see the connection types below).

The following three options are available for the connection to the server: *Online*, *Detect at startup* and *Cached Zarafa mode*. These will be described in the sections below.

## 4.2.1. Online

The Online type works the same as in the previous versions of Zarafa. When a network connection to the server is available, Outlook can be started. Whenever the connection to the server is not available email, agenda and contacts can not be accessed.

## 4.2.2. Detect at startup

With the Autodetect Offline / Online type Outlook checks at startup if the server can be reached. When Outlook has a connection to the Zarafa server all items will be synchronised to the offline storage. When the connection is lost, Outlook will not automatically switch to its offline storage. In order to switch to offline storage, Outlook needs to be restarted.

When Outlook is started and there is not a network connection available, Outlook will show a pop-up message which asks if it is wanted to work offline.



Whenever the "\_Detect at startup\_" mode decides to work offline, the behaviour for that session will be as described below in *Avsnitt 4.2.3, "Cached Zarafa Mode"*, effectively. In case it decides to work online, the behaviour of that session will be as described above in *Avsnitt 4.2.1, "Online"*.

## 4.2.3. Cached Zarafa Mode

The third type of connection is Cached Zarafa Mode. This type is similar to the caching mode of MS Exchange. If this type is selected, the offline storage will always be used. When there is a network connection available all items of the user's own store will be synchronised to the offline storage. The first time the Outlook profile is being configured it is required to have a connection to the Zarafa server. After the profile is created and Outlook can be started, all folders and items will be synchronised.



Please consider the limitations of the use of offline storage as described in *Avsnitt 5.1.2, "Limitations of working offline"*.

## 4.2.4. What is the best connection type to choose?

#### Tabell 4.1. Connection type options

Type of user	Zarafa profile type
User that always works on the same fixed PC in the office	Online
User that uses roaming profiles and logs in on different fixed PC's in the office	Online
User that works with a fixed PC remote from a sub department over a small bandwidth internet connection	Cached Zarafa Mode
User with a laptop that is inside the office most of the time	Detect at startup
User with a laptop that is always out of the office	Cached Zarafa Mode
User that works on a Terminal Server	Online

## 4.3. Advanced configuration

Since version 6.20 two new settings are introduced in order to improve connection to the Zarafa server.

Zarafa Outlook Sharing
General Connection Advanced
Proxy
Use proxyserver
Proxy server p 2 " "
Port 8080
Username fox
Password
Connection
Use compression
30 Seconds Until Server Connection timeout
OK Cancel Apply

Figur 4.1. Connection settings

## 4.3.1. Proxy settings

If the zarafa server is only reachable via a proxy server it is possible to enter the information of the proxy server into the client settings.

## 4.3.2. Other connection settings

Two other connection settings are configurable:

Compression: Uncheck this option if compression is not wanted. This option is on by default.

**Server connection timeout**: Depending on the connection quality it is possible to change the timeout to the zarafa server. Default is 30 seconds.

## **4.4. Public Folder Favourites**

To have a useful shortcut to the most used public folders use the Favourite folder that can be found under the public folders tree. In order to add a folder to the Favourite folder, right click on a public folder and select *Add to Zarafa favourite folder*. In Outlook 2007 the *Add to Favourites* window will appear. In Outlook 2003 the shortcut will be added directly in the favourites folder.

By default only the selected folder will be inserted in the favourite folder — without its subfolders. It is necessary to specify otherwise.

🔏 Add to favorites	X
Public folder name Very Important Favorite folder name	Add Cancel
Very Important	
<ul> <li>Add subfolders of this folder</li> <li>Add immediate subfolders only</li> <li>Add all subfolders</li> </ul>	

Figur 4.2. Add to favorites window (Office 2007)

# **Using Outlook**

The Zarafa Windows Client does not change the way one works with Outlook significantly. However there are some extra features available to those using Outlook to connect with a Zarafa Server.

## 5.1. Working offline

After starting Outlook in *Cached Zarafa mode* or *Detect at startup mode* additional synchronisation features will be available in Outlook. For instance: the *Synchronise* button on the toolbar, which shows a progressbar during the synchronisation.

Eile	Edit	View	Go	Tools	Actio	ons
👌 Sy	nchron	izing	0	onfigure	-	Ð
Mail						1
Favori	te Fold	ers				A
	Inbox					-

Figur 5.1. Synchronisation plugin buttons

The synchronisation time can be scheduled by using the configure button.

When synchronisation is started for the first time, the Global Address Book will be synchronysed first.

After the Global Address Book has been synchronised, the Inbox will be synchronised. The most recent emails will be synchronised first.

During the initial synchronisation new email will not be received. New email will be retrieved after the first synchronisation is finished or after Outlook is restarted during the sync. Sending new email during synchronisation, however, will be done immediately.

## 5.1.1. Sending email during offline use

When email is sent during offline use, the email will be kept in the Outbox. To send the email when the connection to the server has been reinstated, the *Send & Receive* button has to be selected.

This action can be scheduled by configuring the Send & Receive settings:

Send/R	eceive Groups		? 🔀		
ê	A Send/Receive group contains a collection of Outlook accounts and folders. You can specify the tasks that will be performed on the group during a send/receive.				
	<u>G</u> roup Name	Send/Receive when	1		
	All Accounts	Online and Offline	<u>N</u> ew		
			<u>E</u> dit		
			ору		
			Remove		
			Rename		
Setting f	or group "All Accounts	и			
	Include this group	in send/receive (F9).			
	Schedule an autor	matic send/receive e <u>v</u> ery	1 🗘 minutes.		
	Perform an autom	atic send/receive when e $\underline{x}$	iting.		
Wh	en Outlook is Offline				
	Include this group	in send/receive (F9).			
	Schedule an autor	matic send/receive every	1 🔷 minutes.		
			Close		

Figur 5.2. Send and receive settings

## 5.1.2. Limitations of working offline

Things to consider when using "Offline" functionality:

- Currently it is not possible to synchronise the favourite folders of the Public Folder or delegate mailboxes.
- Public Folders and delegate mailboxes will be directly opened from the server, like the Online Zarafa modus, and are thus not available while working offline.
- The synchronisation of a mailbox of 1000MB will take around 1 hour whith a 100Mb/s network connection to the Zarafa server.
- In Offline mode it is not possible to open shared mailboxes or set security permissions on folders.
- In a Cached Mode profile the button *Open other user's folder* is disabled.
- Currently, shared mailboxes and calendars can only be opened via the button *Open shared folders* or via the button *Open a shared calendar* in the calendar section of Outlook.
- If it's not possible to open the Public Folder after being offline, the session is not available on the server. To open the Public Folder again, it is necessary to restart Outlook to set up a new session.

## **5.2. Folder Management**

## 5.2.1. The creation of a public folder

By default, every user is able to create folders and items in the Public folders. However, the permissions on these new items are set so that a new folder can only be read by other users.

To enable others to write to the folder, the correct permissions must be set; for example allow writing and deleting by the group Everyone. (See Sharing of folders).

## 5.2.2. Sharing of folders (setting permissions)

The permission structure has been built with flexibility in mind. It is possible to set permissions per folder. Every folder inherits the permissions of the folder it is located in. Every item inherits the permissions of the folder it is contained in.

Before a folder can be added and viewed by other users, the permissions have to be set correctly.

To accomplish this, right click on a folder and choose Properties.



Figur 5.3. Folder properties button

ieneral   Home Page   AutoArcl	hive Permissions
Name:	Permission Level:
- Permissions	Add Remove
Profile:	<u>_</u>
🔲 Create items	Folder permissions
🗖 Read items	Folder visible
Create subfolders	
Edit items	Delete items
C None C Own	C None C Own
C All	CAI



In the appearing dialog window different settings can be chosen, regarding the properties of the folder. The last tab window contains the permissions settings.

At the top is a list with users and the permissions which have been set. After selecting a user the rights can be selected at the bottom. Choosing a profile from the drop down list makes this easier by automatically selecting often used settings.

Users can be added and deleted with the two buttons below the user list.

For example, to give user *Pete* the rights to read and write to items in a folder, first click *Add*.... After selecting *Pete* and clicking *OK*, *Pete* will show up in the list. After this the right checkboxes can be set; to enable reading and writing only set *Read items* and *Edit items* on *All*.

Description
The user can create items
The user can read items
The user can edit all items
The user can only edit their own items
The user can delete all items
The user can only delete their own items
The user can create subfolders
The user can view the folder
The user can change permissions on the folder

#### Tabell 5.1. Explanation of permissions

If there are no check boxes selected for a user, then denying permissions are in effect and the user can not access the folder. When **no** permissions are set on the folder, the folder one level higher is checked for the set ACLs.



Permissions that apply to the user are cumulative, meaning that the user will receive the sum of the permissions that apply to his or her user account and groups of which the user is a member.

By default a user only has read/write permissions on their own folders and is able to create folders in the Public Folders.

The owner is saved with every item. This way, depending on the set permissions, a user is only allowed to delete their own items and not items belonging to other users. The owner of the mail box can always edit or delete all items in his/her mail box, regardless of the owner of the items.

It is possible to give administrative rights to users, after which they have access to the entire Zarafa system. These administrators have the ability to change the permissions on public folders and the folders of each user on the system. Also, every folder or item can be opened by an administrator.

## 5.2.3. Adding or opening folders shared by other users

To add shared folders of other users and to be able to write to or read from it, the following steps should be executed:

1. Click in Outlook on File and Open Shared Folders....

File	Edit	View	Go	Tools	Action
	Ne <u>w</u>				• -
	Open				-
	Open S	ihared F	olders	ha (*	ation
	Clos <u>e</u> A	All Items			acion
	<u>F</u> older				•
	<u>D</u> ata Fi	ile Mana	gemer	nt	

#### Figur 5.5. File menu

2. Choose in the dialog window the user and the type of folder to be opened, then click OK.

older of other user	×
Username:	•
Foldertype:	•
OK.	Cancel

#### Figur 5.6. User and folder selection

If Inbox is chosen (permanent), then not only a folder will be opened but an extra mail box will be added in the folder list of Outlook. This folder will appear in a separate Outlook window with the folders described as (temporary).

It is only possible to read or write to this folder after the owner has given the rights to do so. See the previous paragraph about setting permissions.

## 5.2.4. Adding or removing complete stores of other Zarafa users

In order to delete mail boxes (also called stores) which were added to the list of mail boxes in the folder list of Outlook, the user must do the following:

1. Click with the right mouse button on a mail box:



Figur 5.7. Folder Properties selection

2. Select *Properties* > click *Advanced...* > select the tab *Advanced* in the Zarafa server dialog window.

Zarafa Outlook Sharing	
General Advanced	Add Remove
OK Annuler	en <u>I</u> oepassen

#### Figur 5.8. Zarafa server dialog

3. Click *Remove* to remove or *Add* to add a mail box.

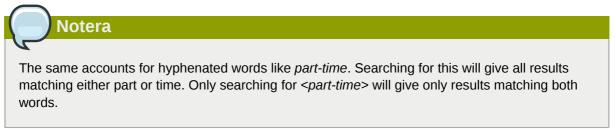
After clicking *Add*, select a user to add his/her store and let the store appear in the folder list of Outlook.

## 5.3. Searching in Outlook

A search executed in Outlook will query the database of *zarafa-search* (*zarafa-indexer* in Zarafa 6.40.x - 7.0.x). To enhance the search results Outlook will divide certain words in individual tokens, depending on the language set in the *language bar* of Windows.

For example: searching for the word *Sauermann* or *Dauermann* in a German system. These words will be split into *mann* and *Sauer/Dauer*. In a Dutch system the name *Timmermans* will be split to *mans* and *Timmer*.

To only search for the whole word the search-term has to be endorsed in angle brackets ( < and >).



## 5.4. Restoring deleted items

Because Zarafa uses a so-called Soft Delete system, items removed from view in Outlook can still be restored. This can be done by selecting *Tools* > *Recover Deleted Items*.

🖉 Recover Delet								
Restore D	elete	Messages	Messages C Folders					
Subject	Deleted On	From	Received					



Select the items which need to be recovered and click on the *Restore* button to restore the items to the folder they were deleted from. Most items will be restored to the Deleted Items folder.

If *Delete* is selected, the items will be truly removed from the server, and these items can no longer be recovered. The server has a lifetime on these items, so after a set period of time, the items will be removed.

## 5.5. Free/Busy updates

When new appointments are created in the calendar, the Zarafa client will update the Free/Busy information. This update will occur some time after the appointment was saved or when Outlook is closed. Other users will not directly see this change in their Free/Busy overview.

When an appointment is created, it is possible to invite other people. If other users are added, the overview will be updated to show the Free/Busy times of the user, making it easy for the organizer to plan the new appointment.

To use the Free/Busy times, the Public Store on the Zarafa server must be available. All the Free/Busy times will be stored in an invisible folder in the Public Store. If a user did not yet login with Outlook or Webaccess and did not create an item in the calendar, the Free/Busy times will not be available.

## 5.6. Resources

With the resource feature the availability or scheduling of meeting rooms, beamers, cars or other objects with limited availability in the company is made easy. Resources are allocated through meeting requests.

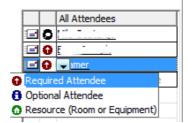
The following steps show how to allocate a resource:

- 1. Create a new appointment in Outlook.
- 2. Open the *Scheduling* tab.

Untitled - Meeting				ä:%		eendikeess							x
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Insert F <u>o</u> r													
🗄 🖃 Send   🎒 🕕 🛄 🌡 / 😯	Recurrence	e 🙀 Can	cel I <u>n</u> vitatio	n 🕴 🖡	X   az	0							
🗄 🔄 Script Editor   🙆 Application	📝 Inspec	tor 🔊 HTI	MLEditor	WordEdite	or 🔝 Curr	entItem	IMessa	ge 💂					
Appointment Scheduling													
Zoom: 100% (Day View)	eptembe	r 18, 2007							Wedne	sday, Septe	mber 19, 2	007	7
	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	
All Attendees				_									
Click here to add a name													
													_
													-
							_						
	•									1			•
Add Others ▼ Options ▼	Meeting s	ta <u>r</u> t time: T	ue 9/18/200	7 💌	3:00 PM	•							
$\leq$ AutoPick Next >>	Meeting e	nd time: T	ue 9/18/200	7 🔻	4:00 PM								
Busy 💋 Tentative 📕 Out of	Office	No Informat	tion										
L													]

Figur 5.10. Free/Busy information

- 3. Add the name of the resource or select the resource from the Global Address book.
- 4. Change the icon Required attendee to Resource or Equipment.



Figur 5.11. Select the option Resource

5. Add the other attendees, that will attend the meeting.

- 6. Select a free timeslot via the freebusy times and send the meeting to the attendees.
- 7. If the resource is available in this timeslot, a pop-up will show that the resource is successfully booked.

Resources Booked				
	The resources for the meeting were successfully booked.			
Please do not show me this dialog again				
	ОК			

Figur 5.12. Pop-up after the resource is successfully booked

8. If the resource is unavailable, a different (free) timeslot needs to be selected.

	Notera
Α.	
٧	When an all day event is planned, please make sure the appointment is booked as Busy or Out
С	of Office. By default, all day events are set as free and because of that not visible in the freebusy
i	nformation.

## 5.7. Out of Office Assistant

- 1. Make sure the currently opened folder belongs to the store for which an auto-respond message needs to be set.
- 2. Click in the menu of Outlook on Tools, click Out of Office Assistant.
- 3. In this dialog window an auto-respond message can be set and the auto-responder can be activated or deactivated.

The first time Outlook is restarted, it will produce a pop-up asking if the auto-respond message should be disabled again.

This message is the same as the one that can be set with the Webaccess.

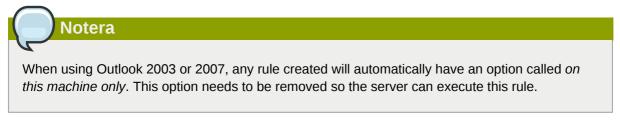
## **5.8. Rules**

Select the Inbox folder for which a rule needs to be created, and click in the menu of Outlook on *Tools* and select *Rules and Alerts*. Here it is possible to create rules which are processed on the server when a new email arrives.

Rules Wizard
Which condition(s) do you want to check? Step 1: Select condition(s)
<pre> v on this machine only v with specific words in the subject from people or distribution list through the specified account sent only to me where my name is in the To box marked as <u>importance</u> marked as <u>sensitivity</u> flagged for <u>action</u> where my name is in the Cc box where my name is in the To or Cc box where my name is not in the To box sent to people or distribution list v</pre>
Step 2: Edit the rule description (click an underlined value) Apply this rule after the message arrives with <u>SPAM</u> in the subject and on this machine only move it to the <u>Ongewenste E-mail</u> folder
Cancel < Back Next > Finish

#### Figur 5.13. Rules wizard

There are certain limits to the types of rules that can be made. The condition of the rule can be in any form.



It is only possible to copy/move or to delete a message. These rules can be created, but they will not be executed on the server. An example of such a rule is to send the mail to the printer, or forward it directly to another email account.

Local rules can still be performed manually by clicking on the Run rules now button in the Rules and Alerts dialog.

## **5.9. Signatures**

Signatures can be set in the *Options* menu of Outlook. It is important to note that signatures set in Outlook are separate from those set in the WebAccess. It is neccesary to set the signature in both clients separately.

## 5.10. Signing and encrypting messages

Since Zarafa 6.10 it is possible to use S/Mime certificates. Certificates enables the use of digitally signing emails and/or encrypting emails.

The description in this manual is the manual procedure. An automatic way to receive a certificate is to use Active Directory Services (ADS). The automatic method is not described in the client manual, but will be described in the server manual.

#### 5.10.1. Retrieving a certificate

In order to get a certificate a registration at a Certificate Authority (CA) is needed. Multiple possibilities are available; one is to have the Active Directory (AD) act as a CA, the other is to subscribe to an independent CA, like CaCert (*http://www.cacert.org/*).

#### 5.10.1.1. Certificates via AD

The company's AD is configured to act as a CA:

- 1. Open Internet Explorer
- 2. Go to the following URL: http://<domainserver>/servcrt. If the URL is different, ask the systems administrator for the correct URL.
- 3. Click on *Request a certificate* and on the next page on *User Certificate* to generate a certificate.
- 4. The certificate will be placed into Outlook automatically.

#### 5.10.1.2. Certificates via an independent CA

- 1. Go to the site of the CA.
- 2. Register the email address and create a certificate.
- 3. Use Firefox to retrieve the certificate.
- 4. In Firefox, go to Tools > Options > Tab Advanced > tab Encryption > button View Certificates.

😻 Certificate Manager				
Your Certificates People Serv You have certificates from these	ers Authorities C			1
Certificate Name Root CA	Security Device	Serial Number	Expires On	<u></u>
CAcert WoT User CAcert WoT User CAcert WoT User CAcert WoT User	Software Securit Software Securit Software Securit Software Securit	05:04:83 05:03:A6	2008-10-22 2008-10-22 2008-10-21 2008-10-05	
View Backup			<u>D</u> elete	
				ОК

Figur 5.14. Certificate Manager

- 5. Select the correct Certificate and Click Backup.
- 6. Enter a password.

#### Kapitel 5. Using Outlook

- 7. Save the certificate as a PKCS12 file.
- 8. Open Outlook.
- 9. Go to Tools (if Outlook 2003: Options) > Security Tab > Click Import/Export... > Click Browse...
- 10. Select the correct .P12 file.
- 11. Enter the previous password.
- 12. Enter in the field Digital ID Name: the email address for which the certificate is meant.
- 13. Click button OK twice.

#### 5.10.2. Check encrypted email settings

- 1. Go to Tools > Options > Security tab > click Settings....
- 2. Check if the field Security settings Name: contains the S/MIME settings for the email address.

Change Security Settings	X				
Security Setting Preferences Security Settings Name:					
My S/MIME Settings (user@zarafa.com)	•				
Cryptography Eormat: S/MIME	•				
🔽 Default Security Setting for this cryptographic message	format				
✓ Default Security Setting for all cryptographic messa	ges				
Security Labels <u>N</u> ew <u>D</u> elete	Password				
Certificates and Algorithms					
Signing Certificate: CAcert WoT User's Root CA ID #4	hoose				
Hash Algorithm: 5HA1					
Encryption Certificate: CAcert WoT User's Root CA ID #4	C <u>h</u> oose				
Encryption Algorithm: 3DES					
☑ Send these certificates with signed messages					
ОК	Cancel				

Figur 5.15. Security Settings

#### 5.10.3. Using the certificate

After entering the certificate into Outlook it can be used to digitally sign outgoing emails or receive encrypted incoming emails.

When a new email or reply is opened two new icons will be present:  $\bowtie$  (the option to digitally sign messages) and  $\bowtie$  (the option to encrypt the message contents and attachments).

## 5.11. Fax Feature

Since version 6.20 it is possible to send fax through Outlook 2003/2007 and a third-party software such as Hylafax.

In order to send a fax:

- 1. Open the new e-mail window by clicking the File menu, selecting New and Mail Message.
- 2. Go to Options, Format and choose Plain Text.
- 3. Fill in the *To:* field with the following syntax **[fax: <fax number>]**, where *<fax number>* is replaced with the actual phone number of the fax machine.
- 4. Fill in the From: and Subject fields as they will appear in the fax cover.
- 5. Enter the mail body as for a normal mail message
- 6. Click Send

	Ŧ	Untitled - N	/lessage (Plain Text)			_ = x
Message Insert	Options F	ormat Text				0
Aa     Colors *       A     Fonts *       Themes     Effects *	Show Bcc From	Aa Plain Text Aa HTML <b>A</b> α Rich Text	Use Voting Request Buttons *	a Delivery Receipt a Read Receipt		Direct Replies To
Themes	Fields	Format	Tracking	Gi.	More Option	ns 🗔
This message has not been sen	t.	Plain Text				
To         [fax:003]           Send         Bcc	1123456]	Plain text can	nessage as plain text. 1 be read by everyone no formatting.			
Subject:						



Notera

To be able to send fax messages, an administrator needs to install software or adjust settings on the server. Additional information for administrators can be found on the wiki article *Fax server integration*<sup>1</sup>.

## 5.12. Delegation

Since Zarafa 6.20 two kinds of delegation are available: *Send on behalf* and *Send as*. In earlier versions, only *Send on behalf* is available.

#### 5.12.1. Send on behalf of permissions

Send on Behalf permissions: if a user grants the appropriate permission to another user, the latter can send items on behalf of the other user. In this case an email or meeting request will be sent showing it was on behalf of the other user. The recipient will see in the *From:* field something similar to '\_<delegate> on behalf of <user>\_'. For example Pete enters the inbox of *info* and sends an email on behalf of the non-active user *info*, the following would be seen:

```
pete@example.com on behalf of info@example.com.
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://zarafa.com/wiki/index.php/Fax\_server\_integration

The option to add delegates is available in the *Options* menu of Outlook, as seen in *Figur 5.17, "Zarafa delegates"*.

Options	? 🔀
Preferences Mail Setup Mail Format Spelling Security Other	Zarafa Delegates
Delegates can send items on your behalf. To grant permission to othe your folders without also giving them send-on-behalf-of privileges, go for each folder and change the options on the Permissions tab.	
Luis Test	Add
	Remove
	Permissions

Figur 5.17. Zarafa delegates

#### 5.12.2. Send as

*Send As* permissions: the system administrator can grant permission to user B to send as user A. The recipient(s) will not see that user B actually sent it; only user A appears in the *From:* field. See the Administrator manual on how to grant Send As permissions to users.

Eile Edit	Vie	w <u>I</u> nsert Form Pre⊻ious ►	iat Tools Actions Help
Arial		Ne <u>x</u> t ►	
·	4	From Field	
From		Bcc Field	
ToLO	:	Options	
<u>C</u> c		×	
Subject:	Г		

#### Figur 5.18. Show From: field in new email

	Notera
Due the Z	to security reasons the <i>send as</i> permission is only configurable by the administrator on Zarfa server. However, this setting can always be overruled by the user itself and the old <i>on</i> alf of permission can still be set by the user.

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If the (bounce) message below is returned when sending an email on behalf of, please contact the systems administrator.

You are not allowed to send as the given user.



Due to the introduction of the Send As permissions in Zarafa 6.20 the previous abilities to send *on behalf of* are reset when upgrading to version 6.20 or higher; an administrator or the user who wants to delegate has to give the rights or permissions again.

Keep in mind that Send on Behalf permissions always overrules Send As permissions so a user can always choose not to let another user (mis)use send as permissions.

## 5.13. Categorisation

Since version 6.20 it is possible to categorise the items in Outlook by default categories and by customized categories.

#### 5.13.1. Create a custom category in Outlook 2007

- 1. To create a custom category, click on the *Categorise* button in the Outlook toolbar and choose *All Categories*.
- 2. The Color Categories window will appear; choose New to add a new category.
- 3. The *New Category* window will appear; fill in the name of the category, choose a color to represent it and optionally a shortcut key.
- 4. Click on *OK* and the new category will be automatically added to the available categories in the Color category window.

Color Categories		? 🛛
Color Categories To assign Color Categories to the currently select category. To edit a category, select the categor Name Blue Category Business Green Category Holiday Orange Category Purple Category Red Category Yellow Category New Custom Category New Custom Category		
	OK	Cancel

Figur 5.19. Categorys in Outlook 2007

Add New Category						
Name:						
Color:		*	Shortcut Key:	(None)	*	
			ОК	Cancel		

Figur 5.20. Add category in Outlook 2007

## 5.13.2. Create a custom category in Outlook 2002/2003

- 1. Open a new mail and choose in the taskbar for options.
- 2. Choose in this window (message options) for categories, and then for Master category list.
- 3. Type the name for the new category and add this with the *Add* button.
- 4. After creating the category, confirm with the *OK* buttons in the open windows.

Message Option	5		×
Message settings Important Sensitivity Voting and Tracking Use vi Reque Delivery options Expire Attachme Encoding	Normal Categories Item(s) belong to these categories Available categories: Business Competition Favorites Gifts Goals/Objectives Holiday Holiday Cards Hot Contacts Ideas International	Master Category List New category: test Business Competition Favorites Gifts Goals/Objectives Holiday Holiday Cards Hot Contacts Ideas International Key Customer Miscellaneous Personal Phone Calls Status Strategies OK	Add Delete Reset es 
Contacts Categories	Key Customer Miscellaneous Personal	▼	
	OK Cancel	Master Category List	Close

Figur 5.21. Add category in Oulook 2002/2003

## 5.13.3. Categorise items and sort by category

In order to categorise an item (it is possible to categorise Mail, Contacts and Appointments) right click on it, choose *Categorise* and then click on the desired category.

To order the items by category open the *View* menu, choose *Arrange by or Current View* and then *Categories*.

## 5.14. Mail expiration date

Since ZCP version 6.20.0 it is possible to set an expiration date for the outgoing mail.

When writing a new mail, this setting can be found under *Options* > *More Options*: the Message Options window will appear.

Tick the *Expires after* option and set the expiration date.

Message Options				? 🛛
Message settings	Security -			
Importance: Normal	🔽 📯	Change security sett	ings for this messag	je.
Sensitivit <u>v</u> : Normal		Security Settings		
Voting and Tracking options				
Use voting buttons:				~
Request a <u>d</u> elivery rece	ipt for this messag	e		
Request a <u>r</u> ead receipt	for this message			
Delivery options				
Have replies sent to:				Select Names
Do not deliver <u>b</u> efore:	None	✓ 00:00	~	
Expires after:	08/10/2008	✓ 17:00	*	
Attachment format:	Default	~		
Encoding:	Auto-Select		*	
Contacts				
Categories   None				
				Close
				Close

Figur 5.22. Message options

# **Configure Mail Clients (with IMAP and POP3)**

## 6.1. Client configuration

Every client supporting IMAP4 or POP3 should be able to connect to Zarafa via the Zarafa IMAP & POP3 gateway.

For sending mail clients will use SMTP. The SMTP server can be the same as the Zarafa server or the SMTP server of the internet provider. Some servers need SMTP authentication. The client can store sent messages in a Sent Items folder.

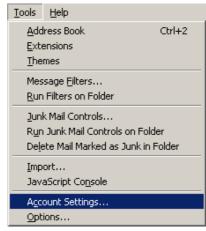


## 6.1.1. Mozilla Thunderbird

This manual is based on Mozilla Thunderbird version 2. Other versions can be set up in a similar way.

The first two steps can be skipped when opening Thunderbird for the first time. The following example is for the IMAP protocol. The POP3 protocol is practically the same without steps 10 to 12.

1. Go to Tools > Account settings....



#### Figur 6.1. Tools dropdown menu

- 2. Click Add Account.
- 3. Select Email account and click Next.
- 4. Fill in your name and Zarafa email address and click Next.
- 5. Select IMAP and fill in the Zarafa server's hostname or IP address. Click Next.
- 6. Fill in the Zarafa username for the Incoming username and the outgoing username. Click Next.
- 7. The account name can be chosen by the user itself. Click Next.
- 8. Check the data and click *Finish*. Now close the *Account Settings* window.

- 9. Open the Inbox and type in your password to receive the folder structure from the Zarafa server.
- 10. Re-open the *Account Settings* window and select the *Server Settings* in the previously created account.
- 11. Set the security to the desired level (default is Never).
- 12. Select Copies & Folders in the account tree and set the correct foldernames for the IMAP server.
- 13. Finally, click OK and start using Zarafa with the IMAP protocol.

#### 6.1.2. Windows Mail

This example is based on Windows Mail. Outlook Express can be configured in a similar way.

The following example is for the IMAP protocol. Setting up the POP3 protocol is practically the same; skip steps 10 to 12.

1. Go to Tools > Accounts.

<u>T</u> ools	<u>M</u> essage	<u>H</u> elp	
Send	d and Receiv	e	•
Sync	hronize All:		
	ress Book Sender to A	ddress Book	Ctrl+Shift+B
Mes:	sage Rules		×
IMA	P Folders		
Acco	ounts		
Opti	ons		

Figur 6.2. Tools dropdown menu

- 2. Click Add ....
- 3. Select Email Account and click Next.
- 4. Enter the Display Name and click Next.
- 5. Enter the Email Address and click Next.
- 6. Select *IMAP* from the dropdown menu, fill in the Zarafa server's hostname or IP address and the hostname or IP address of the outgoing mailserver.
- 7. Optional: check whether the outgoing server needs authentication and click Next.
- 8. Fill in the Zarafa username in *Email Username* and the Zarafa password. Click Next.
- 9. (Un)tick whether the user wants to download the data from the server right away and click *Finish*.
- 10. Highlight the new account in the folder list and click *Properties* in the context menu (open by a right-click on it).
- 11. Select the IMAP tab.
- 12. Check whether the *Special Folders* is ticked and the folders are set the same as the Zarafa folders.
- 13. Finally, click OK and start using Zarafa with the IMAP protocol.

## Configure Calendar Clients (using CalDAV and iCal)

This chapter describes how to configure the CalDAV or iCal client for using with the Zarafa server. The **zarafa-ical** gateway enables users to view their Zarafa calendars using clients like Sunbird, Evolution or Mac iCal. Since ZCP 6.40 tasks can be synchronised and created from the different clients.

To access calendar folders on Zarafa the following options are available.

For all clients but the Mac OS X iCal client use:

URL	Calendar
http://server:8080/ical	User's own default calendar via ical (not recommended)
http://server:8080/caldav/ <user>/ <calendar-name></calendar-name></user>	User's calendar in user's store. Make sure the calendar name is in the store.
http://server:8080/caldav/ <user>/ <subcal></subcal></user>	User's self created subcalendar in the user's own store. Location through actual subfolders in Zarafa is irrelevant.
http://server:8080/caldav/ <other- user&gt;/<calendar-name></calendar-name></other- 	Other-user's shared calendar
http://server:8080/caldav/public/ <calendar></calendar>	Calendar folder in the public folder
http://server:8080/caldav/ <user>/</user>	User's default calendar. Although this works for most clients, this URL is not recommended.

For the Mac OS X iCal client use:

URL For Mac OS X iCal client	Calendar
http://server:8080/caldav	User's calendar list
http://server:8080/caldav/ <other- user&gt;</other- 	Other-users calendar list
http://server:8080/caldav/public	Public folders list

The format and capabilities of iCalendar and MAPI recurrence types are very different. The conversion of this information is not always the same, or not even possible at all at times. Following is a list of known recurring appointment types that cause problems:

Recurrence type	Description
Monthly every day of a week	Convert to weekly every day of the week
Yearly every day of a week in month x	Not supported

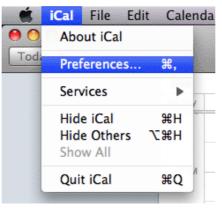
#### Notera

The **<other user>** or **<user>**/**<calendar>** is only reachable if the correct permissions are available. Please make sure the user has not only the appropriate calendar permissions, but also "Folder visible" permissions on the mailbox of the other user.



## 7.1. Mac OS X iCal Client

- 1. Start iCal in Finder: click *Go* > *Applications* > *iCal*.
- 2. Click iCal from menu and select Preferences.



Figur 7.1. iCal dropdown menu

3. Click on '+' to create new account.

000		Accounts		
General Accounts	s Advanced			
Accounts	Description:	UserX		
_	Username:	UserX		
	Password:	•••••		
	v	Server Options		
	Account URL:	http://zarafaserver:8080/caldav		
		Use Kerberos v5 for authentication		
		Cancel Add	/ account.	
+ -				?

Figur 7.2. Account details

- 4. Fill in the details. Add server address as: http://server:8080/caldav/
- 5. Click on *Add* to retrieve the calendars of the user.

Accounts	Account Information	Server Settings	Delegation
UserX CalDAV Account			
Calorit Account	Description: U	serX	
	Username: U	serX	
	Password: •	•••••	
	Full Name: C	alendar – Suyi Guo	•
	Refresh calendars:	Every 15 minutes	•
	Availability:		
	Availability is not support	ted on the server f	or this account.

Figur 7.3. Account created

## 7.2. Sunbird Client Guide

- 1. Start Sunbird client.
- 2. Click on *File* in the menu bar and select *New Calendar*.
- 3. Select option on the Network. Click Next.

Create New Calendar
Create a new calendar Locate your calendar
Your calendar can be stored on your computer or be stored on a server in order to access it remotely or share it with your friends or co-workers.
<ul> <li>On My Computer</li> </ul>
On the Network
Cancel <u>N</u> ext

Figur 7.4. New calendar location

4. For iCalendar, select the *iCalendar* Option. Enter as location: http://server:8080/ical.

	Create New Calendar	×
Create a new Locate your cale		
Provide ir	fo about what is needed to access your remote calendar	
Format:	<ul> <li>iCalendar (ICS)</li> </ul>	
	○ CalDAV	
	<ul> <li>Sun Java System Calendar Server (WCAP)</li> </ul>	
Location:	http://zarafaserver:8080/ical	
	Cancel <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext	

Figur 7.5. iCal details

5. For caldav, select *CalDav* option. Enter as location: http://server:8080/caldav.

	Create New Calendar
Create a new Locate your cale	
Provide in	nfo about what is needed to access your remote calendar
Format:	○ iCalendar (ICS)
	CalDAV
	<ul> <li>Sun Java System Calendar Server (WCAP)</li> </ul>
Location:	http://zarafaserver:8080/caldav
	Cancel <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext

Figur 7.6. CalDav details

## 7.3. Evolution Client Configuration

- 1. Start Evolution client.
- 2. Click on menu New. Select Calendar.
- 3. Fill in the details & remove the Use SSL option. The URL options are similar to Sunbird.

	New Calendar
Calendar	
<u>T</u> ype:	CalDAV
<u>N</u> ame:	UserX
<u>U</u> RL:	caldav://zarafaserver:8080/caldav
	Use <u>S</u> SL
User <u>n</u> ame:	userX
Colo <u>r</u> :	
	Copy calendar contents locally for offline operation
	✓ Mark as <u>d</u> efault calendar
	<mark>⊗</mark> Cancel <mark>↓</mark>

Figur 7.7. CalDav details

## **Configure Mobile Platforms**

This chapter describes how to configure the Z-Push software to synchronise PDA's and Smartphones with a server based solution.

Z-Push is available as an opensource project on Sourceforge - http://z-push.sourceforge.net

## 8.1. Z-Push introduction

The Z-Push software allows users with PDA's and Smartphones to synchronise their email, contacts, calendar items and tasks directly from a compatible server over UMTS, GPRS, WiFi or GSM data connections. The following devices are natively supported by Z-Push:

- Apple iPhone and iPad
- Windows Mobile 5, 6, 6.1 and 6.5
- Windows Phone 7 and 7.5
- Nokia E/N-series with Mail for Exchange (M4E)
- Nokia E-series with built in ActiveSync (Nokia Mail 2)
- Android Cupcake or Donut with third party tools like Nitrodesk Touchdown
- Android Eclair with Contacts and Calendar synchronization or third party tools
- Android Froyo, Gingerbread, Honeycomb, Ice Cream Sandwich and Jelly Bean using the default ActiveSync client (Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync type account) or third party tools
- Blackberry PlayBook
- other ActiveSync compatible devices

The devices can be synchronised because the Z-Push module emulates a MS Exchange server on the server side, allowing users to synchronise without installing specialised synchronisation software on their devices.

## 8.2. Setting up a mobile device

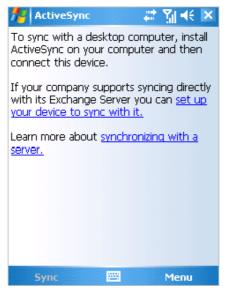
It is simply a case of adding an 'Exchange server' to the ActiveSync server list by specifying the IP address of the Z-Push Apache server, disabling SSL, unless SSL has already been setup on the Apache server, setting the correct username & password (the domain is ignored, simply specify *domain* or some other random string), and then go through the standard ActiveSync settings.

Once the mobile device has been setup, it should be possible to synchronise the device simply by clicking the *Sync* button in ActiveSync.

## 8.2.1. ActiveSync based configuration

The following steps are made for the Pocket PC, though still applicable for WM 5/6 or Nokia's 'Mail for Exchange':

1. Open ActiveSync and select set up your device to sync with it.



#### Figur 8.1. ActiveSync introduction

2. Type the server address (without http or other URL parts).

🏄 ActiveSync 🛛 📰 🏹 帐	
Edit Server Settings	
Server address:	
myserver.domain.com	
Note: This is the same as your Outlook Web Access server address.	
This server requires an encrypted (SSL) connection	
Cancel 🕮 Next	

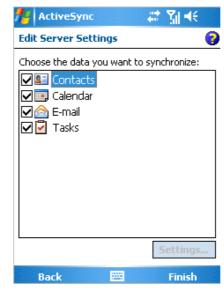


3. Specify a username and password, a domain must be specified but it is not used within Z-Push, so simply *domain* or some other random text can be specified. Select *save password* if automatic sync is preferred.

👫 ActiveS	nc 🛛 🗱 🎢 🕂
Edit Server 9	Settings 🛛 💡
User name:	user
Password:	****
Domain:	
Save pass (required f	word or automatic sync)
	Advanced
Back	

#### Figur 8.3. Account details

4. Select which items must be synchronised.



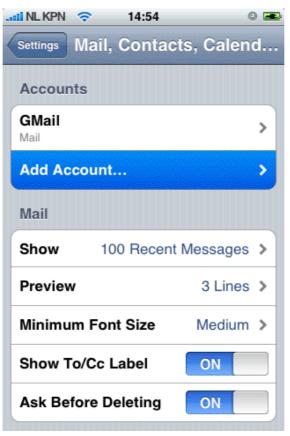
Figur 8.4. Synchronise options

5. Press *Finish* and start synchronising by pressing *Sync*.

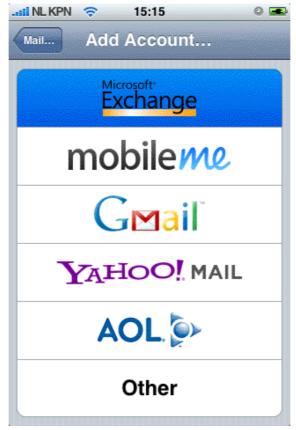
## 8.2.2. iPhone based configuration

The following steps are applicable for the iPhone:

- 1. Open Settings and touch Mail, Contacts, Calendars.
- 2. Touch Add Account... and touch Microsoft Exchange.



Figur 8.5. Mail, Contacts, Calendars settings



Figur 8.6. Choice Protocol/Provider

3. Enter the user credentials, and touch Next.

.atil NL KPN 🔶	14:55	0 📾		
Enter your Exchange account information				
Cancel	Exchange	Next		
Email	john@zustomer.com	n		
Domain	Optional			
Username	john			
Password	•••••			
		_		
Description	john@zustomer.com	n		



- 4. The device will try to contact the server. If the server is not equal to *zustomer.com* in this case, the connection will fail. If the server is not configured for SSL connections, the connection will fail too. The iPhone has SSL enabled by default.
- 5. A new option field Server will pop up. Enter the correct server address or IP if necessary.

📶 NL KPN 🗢	14:56	0 🛲		
Exchange account verification failed				
Cancel	Exchange	Next		
Email	john@zustomer.com	m		
Server	zarafa.zustomer.co	m		
Domain	Optional			
Username	john			
Password	*****			
_				
Description	john@zustomer.com	m		

Figur 8.8. Extra server field

6. If SSL is not available the connection will fail to be established. Touch *Save* in order to keep the current account settings. Go to the just created account and touch *Account info* and disable *Use SSL*.

II NL KPN 🤶	15:17	0 📟		
Exchange	e account verification	failed		
Cancel	Exchange	Next		
Email	john@zustome	r.com		
Server	zarafa.zustome	r.com		
	rounding Enal e নিগগাণুণাত force			
This account may not be able to send or receive emails. Are you sure you want to save?				
Save				
Edit				

Figur 8.9. Save settings

🖬 NL KPN 🛛 🛜	14:57	0 📼
john@zustomer.o	som Settings	
Email	john@zustomer.com	
Server	zarafa.zustomer.com	
Domain	Optional	
Username	john	
Password	*****	
Description	john@zustomer.com	
Use SSL <	disable> on	

Figur 8.10. Account settings